SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1853. NO. 14.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

Mail Arrangements at Raeigh.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL—(By Railroad.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - at 9½ p. m.
The mail closes at 9 p. m. of the day before it leaves.

SOUTHERN MAIL.—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 10 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - at 10 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8½ p. m.
This mail is not due until 11½ p. m., closes at 8 a. m.

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday and Saturday - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday - - at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m.

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Monday) - - at 3a m.
Mail closes at 7 a. m.

TARBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a. m.
Arrives Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m. night before.

ROXBOROUGH MAIL—(By Horse.)
Leaves Friday - - - - - at 12 m.
Arrives Friday - - - - - at 10 a. m.
Mail closes at 12 M.

October 18, 1852. 97—

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

A Large Lot of Musical Instruments,

BY the retail or wholesale; Guitars from three to forty dollars, Violins from 25 cents to 50 dollars, Banjors of all sizes and prices, Flutes with from one to eight keys, Octave Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, French and German, &c.

A very fine lot of new and fashionable Music, Music Books bound, with the music selected by myself to suit all kinds of performers.

Paint for Oil or Water colors of every description, put up in tin boxes or by the single tube. Canvass on stretchers or by the single yard of all sizes—in short every thing that belongs to the Fine Arts.

Perfumeries and fancy articles of all kinds, too tedious to mention.

Two second-handed Pianos to sell or rent.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, October 18th, 1852. 97—

NOTICE TO CONFECTIONERS.

WE would respectfully inform our friends of Raleigh and vicinity that we are now in possession of a very extensive assortment of Fruits, Confectionaries, Toys, &c., and would advise all those who desire laying in their Christmas supplies to send in their orders early, so as there may be no difficulty in getting their articles forwarded by the Mail Trains. If delayed too long, owing to the great quantity of goods to be sent by these trains for the Holiday's, some may be prevented.

SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON.

Petersburg, Va., December 15, 1852. 10—

Raleigh and Gaston Road.

"ORDERED that the President advertise for sale, under the charter, all Stock on which the Instalments shall not have been paid in full, on the 1st day of February next."

The attention of subscribers to the Stock of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company is particularly called to the above order. Payments may be made to W. W. Vass, Treasurer and Secretary, or to any one of the Directors of the Company.

L. O'B. BRANCH, President.

Office, Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, December 20th, 1852. 12—td.

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.

SELBY & MURRAY.

September 1852. 91—

Groceries, &c.

BROWN, Clarified, Crushed and Loaf Sugar; Java, Laguira, Maracaibo and Rio Coffee, Super Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, Sperm, Adamantine and Hull's & Son's Tallow Candles. Hardware, Crockery, Blacksmith's Tools. Cotton Bagging Gunny and Dundee, and Rope, Swede and English Iron, Cast Steel, Blister and German do. Blasting Powder, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c., are always kept by

SELBY & MURRAY.

September, 1—9

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

Fine Over-Coats.

CLOTH CLOAKS, with silk velvet facings. Just opened at HARDING'S EMPORIUM.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

ALEXANDER CREECH has received the largest portion of his

Stock of Fancy and Staple dry GOODS,

to which he invites the attention of all who wish to buy handsome and cheap Goods. His stock consists in part of the following:

French Musline de Lains and Merinoes,
American de Lains and Thibet Cloths,
Alboni Plaids, new style, and Prussian Cashmeres,
Alpacas, a large assortment,
English and American Prints, great variety,
Ginghams, Flannels, and Irish Linens,
Jackonette, Swiss, Checked and Talton Muslins,
French Emb'd. and Woolen Shawls,
A good assortment of Gloves and Hosiery,
Work'd Collars, Edgings and Insertions,
Lyle and Thread Edgings,
Linencambric Handk's, Diapers, Bonnet-Ribbons &c., &c.
Bl'k French Cloths and Cassimeres,
Satin, Silk and Cashmere Vestings,
Silk Hand'k. and Italian Cravats,
Tweeds, Sattennettes and Ohio Jeans,
Kerseys, Linseys and Blankets,
Bleach'd and Brown Domestics,
Heavy Ingrain Carpeting and Medium,
Also an assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes,

And many other articles not named; all of which he is determined to sell at his usual low prices, and earnestly requests all those in want of new and cheap Goods to give him a call at his stand, three doors above Mr. R. Smith's, where he will be found ready and willing to serve his customers. He returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country for past patronage, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same.

Raleigh, Sept. 17, 1852. 89—

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.

THE subscribers are now receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of 100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Brestpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armlets,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94

State of North Carolina—NASH COUNTY

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1852.—Calvin Richardson and wife Piety, Wilson Rentfrow and wife Cally, William H. High and wife Alsy, *vs.* Joel, Josiah, Larkin, Willie, and Henry Prigdin. Calvin Taylor and wife Polly, Raiford Kent, Elizabeth Oneal, Raiford Kent and wife Cely, Henry Eatman and wife Mourning, and Archibald Barny and wife Penny. Petition for Division of Land, of the estate of Hardy Prigdin, dec'd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joel, Josiah, Larkin, Willie, and Henry Pridgin, Calvin Taylor and wife Polly, Raiford Kent, Elizabeth Oneal, Raiford Kent and wife Cely, Henry Eatman and wife Mourning, and Archibald Barny and wife Penny, are non-residents of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks, in the North Carolina Standard, for the said defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Nash, at the Court House, in Nashville, on the 2nd Monday of February next, and plead, answer, or demur, or the petition will be taken *pro confesso* as to them, and heard accordingly.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of our said Court, at office, 2nd Monday in November, A. D., 1852.

G. W. WARD, c. c. c.

December 19, 1852. (Pr. adv. $5,62½.) 11—6w.

State of North Carolina—NASH COUNTY

Court of Pleas and Quarter Session, November Term, 1852.—Calvin Richardson and wife Piety, Wilson Rentfrow and wife Cally, William H. High and wife Alsy, *vs.* Joel, Josiah, Larkin, Willie and Henry Pridgin, Calvin Taylor and wife Polly, Raiford Kent, Elizabeth Oneal, Raiford Kent and wife Cely, Henry Eatmon and wife Mourning, and Archibald Barny and wife Penny. Petition for Division of Slaves (of the estate of Hardy Pridgin, dec'd.)

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joel, Josiah, Larkin, Willie and Henry Pridgin, Calvin, Taylor and wife Polly, Raiford Kent, Elizabeth Oneale Raiford Kent and wife Cely, Henry Eatman and wife Mourning, and Archibald Barny and wife Penny, are non-residents of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks, for the said defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Nash, at the Court House, in Nashville, on the 2nd Monday of February next, and plead, answer, or demur, or the petition will be taken *pro confesso* as to them and heard accordingly.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of our said Court, at office, 2nd Monday of November, A. D., 1852.

G. W. WARD, C. C. C.

December 19, 1852. (Pr. adv. $5,52½.) 11—6w.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:*

Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel Still-cap,	Arms and	Worms,		$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

RESTAURANT.

THIS Establishment is fitted up in a style of neatness and convenience to suit the public.

Fresh Oysters, Fish, Birds, &c.

Received Daily,

and served up in in the best manner.

☞ Private Rooms furnished for Parties.

There are also two fine BILLIARD TABLES in the Establishment.

JOHN KANE.

RALEIGH, December 6, 1852. 7—

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

Dwelling House & Livery Stables.

THE undersigned having determined to change his business, offers for sale the entire Lot adjoining on the south side of Princess street, between Second and Third streets, on which is situated the Dwelling House and Livery Stables, now occupied by him.

The Dwelling House,

situated in the central portion of the town, on the corner of two streets, is well arranged and sufficiently commodious for most families, having all necessary out buildings attached to it.

The Livery Stables

are very extensive, and as well planned and arranged, and as conveniently located as any similar establishment in the Southern country. The main building fronting on Second street, with its entire length on Princess street, is 100 feet long by 56 feet broad, has a basement, principal floor and loft, each of as great capacity as the size of the building will permit, is built in the best manner of stone and brick, and being covered with tin is as nearly fire proof as a building used for stables can well be made. An abundant supply of the purest spring water is had within ten feet of the building, and the establishment is now enjoying very extended patronage.

The lot will be divided if desired, and the Eastern end on which the Livery Stables stand, sold separate from the Western end on which the Dwelling House is situated.

The terms will be accommodating, and any information in reference to the premises will be given by the undersigned, or in his absence by N. N. Nixon, Esq.,

The above property unless previously disposed of at private sale, will be sold by public Auction, on the first day of January next. H. R. NIXON.

Wilmington, Dec. 11th, 1852. 9—3w.

$200 REWARD.

A PROCLAMATION,

By His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, *Governor of the State of North Carolina:*

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that George Foster, late of the county of Mecklenburg, stands charged with the murder of one Charles Foster, in said County, and that the said George Foster has fled from justice and probably escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said Foster may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this my Proclamation offering a reward of two hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Mecklenburg county.

DESCRIPTION:

George Foster is described to be about 28 years of age, is five feet five or six inches high, of dark copper color, is a free man, and when spoken to appears cheerful and is apt to smile, weighs 130 or 140 pounds, rather slender, and known in some places as George Happoldt.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this the 9th day of December, A. D. 1852.

By the Governor, DAVID S. REID.

W. H. JONES, Private Secretary.

Raleigh, December 9th, 1852. 9—4w.

$300 REWARD.

A PROCLAMATION,

By His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, *Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one Wilson England, late of the county of Catawba, stands charged with the murder of one Nathaniel Wilson in the said county, and that the said England has fled from justice, and probably escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said England may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of three hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Catawba County.

DESCRIPTION.

Wilson England is described to be about 26 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches in height, hair and complexion rather light—lean, thin visaged and spare made eyes and mouth somewhat distorted, slight stammering in his speech, fond of disputation, and has been engaged in teaching English Grammar and Elocution.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and attested with the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this 9th day of December, A. D., 1852.

DAVID S. REID.

By the Governor,
WM. H. JONES, *Private Secretary.*
Raleigh, Dec. 9, 1852. 9—4w.

The Western Democrat and Lincolnton Republican will insert four times.

$400 REWARD.

A PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency, David S. Reid, Governor of the State of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one GEORGE W. CAROWAN, late of the County of Hyde, stands charged with the murder of one Clement H. Lassiter, late of said county, and that the said George W. Carowan has fled from justice, and escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now therefore to the end that the said George W. Carowan may be arrested and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this my Proclamation offering a reward of four hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Hyde County.

DESCRIPTION.

George W. Carowan is about 55 years of age, in height 5 feet 10 inches, with a slight stoop when he walks. He has a high narrow forehead, features indicative of firmness, and an intelligent countenance. Is bald, and has lost two of his front teeth, but sometimes wears artificial ones in their place. He has heretofore been known as a preacher.

Given under my hand and attested with the great seal of the State of North Carolina at the City of Raleigh this 16th day of December, A. D. 1853.

By the Governor,

DAVID S. REID.

W. H. JONES, Private Secretary.

New Silk, Shawl and Embroidery STORE.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that he has just opened at THE NEW STORE, a splendid assortment of *Silks, Shawls, Embroideries and Dress Goods,* which he will sell at prices lower than they have ever before been offered in this city.

His stock of goods are of the newest style and latest importation, and he would invite customers to call, examine and judge for themselves, as he feels confident that, upon examination, they will compare favorably with the best in the market.

Very superior and magnificent embroidered Canton crape shawls, from 5 to $50, fine Cashmere, Thibet, plaid and Brocha Shawls at various prices. Rich Brocade, Black Italian, and fancy Silks from 40 cts. to $2 50 per yard.

Fine French embroidered collars, sleeves, chemisettes, cloths and cassimeres of superior quality, suitable for men or boy's wear; also a full assortment of gloves, hosiery, and a variety of articles, at equally low prices.

J. SMITH, Fayetteville street, next door to Mr. Partin's Shoe-Store.

Raleigh, Dec. 27th, 1852. 12—1m.

R. F. LESTER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

PETERSBURG, Va.

WILL give his personal attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce and to Forwarding Goods, &c. Attends particularly to forwarding Tobacco and other Produce to Richmond.

REFER TO—Hon. A. W Venable, and Dr. G. A. Wilson, Granville, Mr. W. L. Pomeroy, Raleigh.

November 4, 1852. —2m.

FEMALE CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

Hillsborough Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE first session for 1853 will begin on the first Monday in January and continue for five months.

The patronage extended to the Institute has induced the principal to adopt measures for its enlargement and permanent establishment on the basis of a thorough and extensive course of Female education.

The several departments are already filled by highly competent instructors.

As the number boarding in the Institute is limited, early application may be necessary to ensure admittance.

The payment of one hundred dollars, in advance, will secure to a young lady all the advantages of board, and of instruction in any portion of the following branches, which can be successfully prosecuted at the same time. The payment of sixty-five dollars will secure instruction in the ordinary English branches, with board, washing, fuel and lights.

Tuition fees will be expected in advance, and all bills for board and books at the close of the session.

Tuition in Classical course,	$20
" Preparatory course,	15
Ancient and Modern Languages, each,	10
Painting and Drawing,	10
Painting in Oil colours,	15
Ornamental Needle Work,	5
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20

These prices will be charged when taken separately unless the number of studies amount to more than fifty dollars.

BENNET T. BLAKE, *Principal.*

Raleigh, December 10, 1852. 9—

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

BROGANS! BROGANS!

THE subscriber has now on hand and intends to keep at all times during the Fall and Winter seasons a large and good assortment of Negro Shoes, for male and female, embracing all kinds used

For Plantation and other Purposes.

Amongst my assortment of Brogans may be found the Hungarian shoe and Stitchdowns, to which I would call the attention of Farmers and others in want of a superior article for their servants. My prices shall be as low as similar goods can be bought elsewhere, and I would respectfully invite the attention of all to an examination of my stock, as I shall sell low for cash.

I have also on hand and intend constantly to keep, a large and well selected assortment of

Ladie's & Gentlemen's Boots & Shoes.

including all of the latest styles and patterns. Also,

Boys and Youths Boots and Shoes,

Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,

Travelling and hair Trunks, Valices, Bonnet Boxes, Carpei Bags, Satchels, Blacking, Brushes. &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, by

A. J. PARTIN.

Sign of the Big Boot.

Raleigh, September 18, 1852. 88—

RICH FANCY DRY GOODS,

FOR THE FALL OF 1852.

Just in time for the Legislature.

THE subscriber having removed to the Corner Store House, formerly occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith, which has been recently fitted up in most elegant style, and having just returned from New York, is now opening quite a magnificent supply of *Rich Fancy Dry Goods.* of the latest importations and fashions from *Paris* and *London,* which are exceedingly attracting, and to which he would respectfully invite the attention of tasty purchasers, both among the ladies and gentlemen, from the City and surrounding country.

Also, a full supply of *Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots,* and *Bonnets* of every description.

Together with a full lot of *Ready Made Clothing* common and fine, remarkably cheap.

T. A. MITCHELL.

Raleigh, October 1st, 1852. 92—

HILLSBOROUGH ACADEMY.

R. H. GRAVES, A. M., *Principal.*

Wm. M. KILPATRICK, *Assistant.*

THE Classical course will be such as to prepare boys for the Freshman Class in College.

The scientific course will embrace the higher branches of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.

Special attention will be given to the English branches.

TERMS:

For those pursuing the classical or scientific course $21 per session of 20 weeks.

For others $16.

The next session will commence on the 12th January, 1853.

December 27, 1852. 12—3w.

Warrenton Female Institute.

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE twenty-fourth semi-annual session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 3d of January next. Charges as before. Pupils are received at any time and charged from the time of entrance.

Terms $62,00 per session for Board and English tuition. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting at former rates. Vocal Music and Ornamental needle work gratis.

Circulars containing the fullest information will be sent to those applying.

GRAVES & WILCOX.

Warrenton, Dec. 2, 1852. 6—4m.

Mr. & Mrs. Burwell's Female School.

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE winter session will commence on Wednesday, the 12th of January next. The school is furnished with a new and complete apparatus, and the young ladies have access to an extensive library. Persons desiring to place their daughters or wards in this school will address REV. R. BURWELL,

Hillsboro', N. C.

Dec. 16, 1852. 10—w4w.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE 21st term of this School will commence on the 6th of January, 1853. The expense of the board of pupils with tuition in English, French, and Music, is $125,00, for a term of 5 months.

For a circular containing full information, apply to the Rector. ALDERT SMEDES.

Nov. 20, 1852. 4—6w.

Commission Business.

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of

STAINBACK & HARDEE.

Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.

F. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.

November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

GENTLEMEN who are desirous of good health would do well to call at A. J. Partin's and supply themselves with a pair of Cork Sole or Water-proof BOOTS, which they can purchase for a small sum of money not exceeding four dollars and fifty cents.

Raleigh, Sept. 18, 1852. 88—

JUST OPENED, a good assortment of Gents fine Calf Stitched Boots and Shoes. Also, 200 pairs business boots. A. J. PARTIN.

Raleigh, Sept. 16th, 1852. 88—

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present Legislature to incorporate the "Manteo Mining Company."

Nov. 20, 1852. 4—

Old English Pine Apples, and Philadelphia made Cheese, just arrived at

TUCKER'S.

PLEASANT GROVE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE exercises of this School will commence on Monday, the 3rd of January next, under the charge of Mr. A. DAVIS, a gentleman of several years experience as a teacher. The Academy is situated about a half mile from the old Midway Academy, equi-distant from Louisburg and the Shocco Springs, in one of the most healthy sections of the State.

This institution is preparatory to any College the student may prefer. The rooms will be neat and comfortable and every facility afforded the students to enable them to pursue their studies. Board can be had with either of the subscribers and Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, at $7,00 per month. No extra charge for lights.

English Branches $10 per session,
Languages $15 per session.

W. J. BRANCH,
JOHN J. JONES,
THOMAS A. PERSON.
NATH'L. H. MACON.

Nov. 8, 1852. 6—4w.

VALLEY ACADEMY.

THIS institution is situated in the beautiful and retired Valley of the Yadkin, seven miles north of Lenoir, county seat of Caldwell, N. C. The Spring session will commence January 5th, 1853.

Tuition in advance, for Classics, per session, $18 00
" " English, " $10 to 12 50
Boarding, including all expenses, " $30 00

Pupils will be charged from the time they enter School; no deduction, however, for loss of time thereafter, except in case of protracted illness.

For further information, enquire of W. J. Bingham, Bethmont, Orange county; S. F. Patterson and E. W. Jones, Fort Defiance, or James Harper, Esq., Lenoir, N. C.

E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal.

Fort Defiance P. O., N. C. }
November 26th, 1852. } 5—5t.

SOUTH LOWELL MALE ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this Institution will close on Wednesday the 15th of December. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

The next Session will commence on Wednesday the 4th of January, and continue five months, under the supervision of present Principal, Mr. John Williams, a graduate of Randolph Macon College, who has proved himself to be, in every sense of the word, qualified to conduct the Institution to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. The public may rest assured that the morals of the Students will be strictly guarded, and every exertion made on the part of its managers to make South Lowell one of the safest and best Schools of the same grade in North Carolina.

Tuition paid in advance.

Board per month,	6 50
Tuition, primary,	10 00
Higher, English,	12 50
Languages,	15 00

D. C. PARRISH, *Sec.*

November 27. 6 4w.

MASONIC INSTITUTE,

Germanton, N. C.

Rev. GEORGE M. EVERHART, Principal, and Professor of Greek and Natural Science.

RUFUS R. SMITH, Professor of Latin and English.

IGNATIUS E. SHUMATE, Teacher in Mathematics.

THE next session of this Institution will open Thursday, January 6th, 1853. It is very important that those intending to enter, should be present on the first day. The several departments mentioned above will receive the special attention of those having charge of them. In the department of Natural Science weekly lectures will be delivered. The Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus is superior, and cost nearly $700. The Cabinet of Minerals and Fossils numbers 5 or 600 specimens; and the Library nearly 700 volumes of new books.

The prices of tuition are 7, 10 and $15 per session. Board is $6 per month, including fuel and washing.

All communications should be addressed to the Principal.

November 26th, 1852. 5—t6thJan.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,

CEDAR ROCK, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N C.

D. S. RICHARDSON, A. M., *Principal.*

W. C. DOWD, of Wake, N. C., *Assistant.*

Castalia Female Institute,

CASTALIA, NASH, N. C.

Mrs. M. C. Richardson, *Principal.*

Miss M. E. Stone, *Assistant Principal.*

THE Exercises of these Institutions will be resumed on the first Monday in January. A prompt attendance is solicited. For particulars apply for a Circular to the Principals or to

JOHN A. HARRISON,
Secretary of the Board,

December 7th, 1852. 950—w6w.

Select Classical and Mathematical School,

WARRENTON, N. C.

R. A. EZELL, A. M. Principal.

THE exercices of this Institution will be resumed on the first Monday of January next.

The Principal has been successfully engaged in the business of instructing Boys in North Carolina for twenty-two years, and in Warrenton for the last thirteen years. Particular attention is given to the moral as well as the intellectual training of the Boys. The Principal relies upon the merits of the School for the patronage of an enlightened community.

TERMS:

For Board for the session of five months,	$50,00
" Fuel, Lights, &c., in Room,	5,00
" Tuition in Languages, Mathematics,	17,50
" " in English branches,	12,50
" " in French, (extra,)	10,00
" Fuel in School Room,	1 00

December 18, 1852. 11—4w.

Hilliardston Male Academy.

THE exercises of this School will commence on Tuesday, January 4th, 1853.

This School is situated in a very healthy, hospitable and moral neighborhood. The public may rest assured that the strictest attention will be paid to the morals of the scholars.

TUITION—Classics,	$ 15 00
English,	10 00

Board, including washing, &c. 7 00 per month.

Pupils will be charged from the time they enter the school; no deduction for loss of time thereafter, except in case of protracted illness or urgent necessity.

J. H. McDADE, Principal.

Hilliardston, Nash county, N. C.,
December 20th, 1852. 951—w3w.

LOUISBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE Spring Session of 1853, the 21st under the present Principals, Mr. and Mrs. Ray, will commence on Monday the 3rd of January, and close on the last Friday in May. It is earnestly hoped that Parents and Guardians will make every reasonable effort to have their daughters and wards in school from the first to the last day of the session. The Principal will take pleasure in sending a copy of the Circular to any who may desire full particulars. He would also state that the services of some young Ladies of very high qualifications as Teachers either of the solid branches of English, or in Music, French, Drawing &c., may be secured after the close of the next Session.

JOHN D. HAWKINS,
Pres't Board Trustees.

Dec. 16th 1852. 11—3w.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE regular exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 10th day of January next. Terms as heretofore. SAM'L L. VENABLE,
Principal.

Oxford, N. C., Dec. 6th, 1852. 8—4t

Important to Millers & Mill Owners.

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he keeps constantly on hand, and will supply at the shortest notice, that almost invaluable article

YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE.

The only Machine of the kind that has stood the *test* and given satisfaction to the public. It has surplanted every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more or less of which has been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposition, as there are now some 280 Machines running in N. C.; and I wish to offer no other references than the gentlemen who are using them, whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, almost to perfection. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

There are a number of these Machines through which 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they have never been out of order one day.

There was awarded to it the *Premium* at the Maryland State Fair, and a Premium with a Silver Medal, at the Fair of the Maryland Institute, at Baltimore, last Fall.

Address the Subscriber at South Lowell Mills, Orange county, N. C. JOHN A. McMANNEN.

December 21, 1850. 15—tf.

Tar River Academy.

THE first session of this School will commence on the 12th day of January next.

Terms per session of five months:

The Englishbranches, $7 50, $10, $12 50, according to advancement.

Higher Languages, $15.

The Trustees consider themselves fortunate in having secured the services of Mr. John F. Dance, who has had charge of the School for the present year, and has given entire satisfaction. Board can be secured with the Trustees at $5 per month, which very low price is adopted for the purpose of enabling them the better to educate their own sons by securing students at a distance.

The School is located in Granville County, 9 miles west of Oxford, in a healthy and moral neighborhood, with as few temptations to vice and immorality as any, and convenient to several Churches of the different denominations. For further particulars address

C. W. ALLEN, *Secretary.*

TRUSTEES.

DR. JAS. A. RUSSELL, WILLIAM CLEMENT,
ALLEN WALKER, JAS. C. COZART,
LEWIS P. ALLEN.

Tar River P. O., }
Granville Co., } 7—w3d.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale that eligible and central Ware-house (4 story) with Wharf property attached (in fee) so long occupied by him. It is one of the best stands in the City for conducting a flourishing business.

Also, his dwelling house and lot situated in a very airy and healthy part of the city. The House contains nine rooms and has every convenience. The lot is 64 feet by 200 feet, and has in addition to the dwelling a large out Kitchen, with servant's rooms above, Spring house, cistern, and well of water. The subscriber having determined to leave Norfolk, is induced to sell at a great sacrifice. Apply to

P. S. SCHLIECKES,
Norfolk, Va.

November 29th, 1852. 5—6w.

"STILL THEY COME."

RECEIVED this day at EVANS & COOKE'S a beautiful assortment of DeLaines, black and colored Alpaccas, English Merinos, Black Silk Cashmere Shawls, Plaid do, black and colored Braids, a few pieces silk Lace, chil. Stockings, a good assortment of men's wear, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, black Union Cassimere, Striped Cottons Also, one case Brogans, good article.

Come take a look,

At EVANS & COOKE.

No. 29, Cheap Side.

Dec. 1st, 1852. 6—

MACK MANUAL.

DANA'S Mack Manual, for Farmers, 3d edition, revised and enlarged; Book for every Farmer, Rodger's Scientific Agriculture; Norton's elements of Scientific Agriculture; Elwood's Grain Tables, showing the value of different kinds of Grain, calculated in Federal money, of any quantity, from 1 pound to 10,000 bushels, 12mo. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.

November 29, 1852. 6—

NOTICE TO CAPITALISTS.

A CITIZEN of this State wishes to obtain, for a term of years, a loan of $10,000, interest to be punctually paid either annually or semi-annually as may be agreed upon. Security to be given that will be *perfectly satisfactory.* Any person desiring to make a safe investment of the amount named, will address "Gulick & Richardson, Goldsborough, N. C.," Publishers of the "Republican and Patriot," for further information.

Goldsborough, Nov. 27, 1852. 6—6t.

SELECT CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

THE next session of the subscriber's School will commence on the 6th of January next.

Circulars containing the plan of the School and terms will be forwarded to such as desire them.

Address Rev. Alexander Wilson, D. D., Melville P. O., Alamance county, N. C.

ALEX. WILSON.

November 29th, 1852. 948—w3w.

Thackeray's New Novel.

HE hist ory of Henry Esmond, Esq., Colonel in the service of Her Majesty Queen Anne, by W. M. ackeray, author of Pendenis, Vanity Fair, &c.

James' new novel, a life of vicissitudes, a story of Revolutionary times, by G. P. R. James, Esq.

Abbott's illustrated histories, the history of Romulus with engravings, by Jacob Abbott. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.

Dec. 14, 1852. 6—

LATE PUBLICATION'S.

AUNT Phillis's Cabin, or Southern Life as it is; by Mrs. Mary H. Eastman. The History of the Mormon's, or Latter Day Saints, in the Valley of the Tyrat Salt Lake, by Lieut. J. W. Germison, of the Topographical Engineers.

Received this day, at the N. C. Book-Store, by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Sept. 1st, 1852. 85—

OXFORD MALE ACADEMY.

J. H. HORNER, *Principal.*

T. J. HORNER, *Assistant.*

THE next session of this School will commence the 1st Monday in January. The Principal is prepared to accommodate ten or twelve boarders at $9 per month. Boys boarding in the village will be visited at their rooms every evening by the principal or his assistant.

T. H. WILLIE, *Sec'y.*

Oxford, Granville, Nov. 16, 1852. 4—6w.

A good assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's dressed and undressed MOROCCO BOOTEES. Also a great variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Black and colored Prunella and lasting GAITERS. Come and supply yourselves at A. J. PARTIN'S.

Raleigh,

ACTS and RESOLUTIONS, Public and Private, passed at the late session of the General Assembly:

1. An act to repeal an act entitled "an act to prevent obstructions to the passage of fish at inlets on the sea-coast of the State," passed at the session of 1850–'51.

2. An act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the Superior Court of the county of Stanly.

3. An act to establish a public road in Catawba county.

4. An act to amend an act passed in 1850–'51, entitled "An act to incorporate the Western Plankroad Company."

5. An act to amend an act passed in 1850–'51, entitled "An act to incorporate the Fayetteville and Centre Plankroad company."

6. An act to establish the dividing line between the counties of Beaufort and Craven.

7. An act to incorporporate the Concord and Anson Plankroad company,

8. An act to incorporate the Haywood and Pittsborough Plankroad company.

9. An act to incorporate the Gulf and Graham Plankroad company.

10. An act concerning the Superior courts of Randolph, Alamance, and Currituck counties.

11. An act to appoint Commissioners to sell a portion of the streets in the town of Shelby, Cleaveland county.

12. An act to incorporate the Greensborough Mutual Life Insurance and Trust company.

13. An act to incorporate the Trustees of Hillsborough academy.

14. An act to incorporate the town of Jonesville in Yadkin county.

15. An act to alter the name of the county-seat of Stokes. [Changes the name from Crawford to Danbury.]

16. An act to authorize any fifteen Justices of the Peace of Craven county to appoint superintendents of Common Schools in said county.

17. An act concerning the distribution of the School fund in the county of Gaston.

18. An act to amend an act entitled "an act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Deep river steamboat navigation company."

19. An act to authorize the county court of Duplin to sell a portion of the public lands of said county.

20. An act to incorporate the Hillsborough coal mining and transportation company.

21. An act to amend an act of the Revised Statutes, chapter 59, entitled "An act for establishing public landings and places of inspection, and for the appointment of inspectors and regulation of inspections, in the town of Wilmington."

22. An act to authorize the wardens of the poor of Lincoln county to sell land on which the poor house in said county is situated.

23. An act to provide for paying tales jurors in the counties of Halifax, Nash, Granville and Sampson.

24. An act to provide for paying tales jurors in the counties of Columbus and Onslow.

25. An act to amend the 4th section of an act passed in 1832–'33, entitled "an act to compensate jurors of the original pannel in Beaufort county."

26. An act to repeal an act entitled "An act for the better organization of the Courts of pleas and quarter sessions for the county of Pasquotank passed at the session of 1850–'51."

27. An act to incorporate the Trustees of the Wesleyan Female College.

28. An act to pay tales jurors in Rockingham and Guilford counties.

29. An act to incorporate Catawba College.

30. An act to authorize the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Perquimons county to sell a portion of its Public Square.

31. An act to incorporate the Lumberton and Cape Fear Plankroad Company.

32. An act to attach a portion of the county of Wilkes to the county of Alexander.

33. An act to amend an act passed at the session of the General Assembly of 1850–'51, entitled "An act to incorporate the Anson Plankroad company."

34. An act to amend the charter of the town of Salisbury.

35. An act to incorporate the Haywood and Chapel Hill Plankroad company.

36. An act to incorporate the Chapel Hill and Durhamsville Plankroad company.

37. An act to incorporate the Fayetteville and Raleigh Plankroad company.

38. An act to incorporate the Lumberton and Cape Fear Plankroad company.

39 An act to incorporate the North Carolina Mining company.

40. An act to incorporate the Ladies' Benevolent Society in the town of Wilmington.

41. An act to incorporate the Franklinsville Manufacturing Company in the county of Randolph.

42. An act authorizing the commissioners of the town of Smithville to convey to St. Philips congregation a certain lot within the limits of said town, upon which a church edifice now stands.

43. An act to emancipate James Lankford.

44. An act to amend an act to incorporate the Washington mining company.

45. An act concerning the Conrad Hill Gold Mining Company.

46. An act to incorporate the Guilford county Mining Company

47. An act to confirm a grant heretofore issued to B. H. Stammire.

48. An act to incorporate a company to construct a Railroad from some point on the Cape Fear River at or near Fayetteville to some point in the coal region.

49. An act to incorporate the Charleston, Blue Ridge and Chatanooga Railroad company.

50. An act to incorporate the Euwhavie and Yadkin Plankroad company.

51. An act to incorporate the Charlotte, North Carolina and Sheraw, S. C., Plankroad company.

52. An act to confirm the Mutual Insurance company in the town of Fayetteville.

53. An act to provide for paying tales jurors in the counties of Northampton, Wake, Stokes, Forsythe, Davidson, Orange, Greene, Rutherford, Brunswick, Chowan, and Richmond.

54. An act to provide for the better government of the town of Lincolnton and to amend the existing corporate laws of said town.

55. To incorporate a company to construct a Railroad from some point on the Cape Fear River at or near Fayetteville to some point in the coal region hereafter to be determined. Capital $500,000.

56. An act to amend an act to incorporate Robeson Institute in the county of Robeson, and for other purposes.

57. An act to change the name of the county site of Yadkin.

58. An act to improve the road from Reddie's River to the Tennessee line.

59. An act to appoint commissioners to view and lay off a public Road from Enoch Vonnoy's Mills in Wilkes County across the Blue Ridge to Cranbury Creek and thence to the Virginia line.

61. An act to incorporate the Washington and Tarborough Plank Road Company.

61. An act to incorporate the Caswell Plank Road Company.

62. An act to incorporate the Phœnix Gold Mining Company.

63. To amend the act incorporating the town of Lumberton.

64. To give the County Courts of Randolph and Granville jurisdiction over the sale of real estate for division among joint tenants and tenants in common.

65. Incorporating the Kinston and Snow Hill Plank Road Company.

66. Incorporating the Tarborough and Rocky Mount Plank Road Company,

67. Incorporating the Winston and Wilkesborough Plank Road Company.

68. Incorporating the Spartansburg and Rutherford Plank Road Company.

69. Incorparating the Roanoke Ferry and Turnpike Company.

70. To repeal an act to alter the time of holding elections for the county of Edgecomb.

71. To incorporate the Peedee Plank Road Company.

72. To amend the act to incorporate the Roanoke and Valley Railroad Company.

73. To extend the power of the commissioners of navigation for the port of Washington.

74. To amend the 18th section of the 31st chapter Rev. Statutes so as to authorize the Superior Court to be held two weeks in the county of New Hanover.

75. To incorporate Hawfield Volunteer regiment.

76. Concerning the Conrad Hill Gold Mining Company.

77. For the better regulation of the town of Clinton, Sampson county.

78. To amend an act of 1850-51, to incorporate Lewis' Gold Mining Company.

79. To enlarge the powers of the commissioners of the town of Newbern.

80. Incorporating the Fayetteville Ice Company.

81. Incorporating the town of New Salem of Randolph county.

82. For the better regulation of the town of Louisburg.

83. An act in favor of John Smith, of New Hanover. [Grants him certain shoals for raising oysters.]

84. Incorporating the town of Troy.

85. Incorporating the Bank of Charlotte. [The capital not to exceed $300,000, in shares of $50 each, and books of subscription to be opened on the 6th January, 1853, at Charlotte, Statesville, Lincolnton, and such other places as the commissioners at Charlotte may designate.]

86. To amend the act of 1848–'39, to provide for the establishment of a State Hospital for the Insane in North Carolina, and an act supplemental to the same. [Provides for the appointment of a Medical Superintendent, by the Commissioners, who shall forthwith take charge of and superintend the construction of the building. To hold his office two years, with a salary of $1200.]

87. To encourage agriculture, domestic manufactures and the mechanic arts. [Provides for the incorporation of county agricultural societies, and appropriates fifty dollars to each county, annually, when a like sum shall be raised by the county society, to be distributed in premiums for crops, improvements in lands, implements, &c.]

88. To amend the several acts of the General Assembly in relation to the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. [Extends the provisions of the Act of 1848-49 to the blind, and the time for which the tax of $75 is to be levied to 7 years instead of 4; and makes the annual appropriation for the institution eight thousand dollars.]

89. To amend an act incorporating the North Carolina Rail Road Company. [Provides the manner of paying the State's subscription, and that the affairs of the company shall be managed by a board of 12 directors, 8 of whom shall be appointed by the Governor and Council.]

90. An act to incorporate the Atlantic and North Carolina, and the North Carolina and Western Railroad Companies. [Provides $4,000 for a survey of the former, and $12,000 for a survey of the latter].

91. An act to incorporate the North Carolina Steam Carriage and Plank Raad Company.

92. An act to prevent the felling and putting of timber in Slogan's Creek, in Rockingham.

93. An act to incorporate the Bladen Steamboat Company.

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1. Resolution to pay Charles Sully Wheeler $20 for preparing ten skeleton maps for the Legislature.

2. Resolution requiring the Secretary of State to procure the names of the several acting Justices of the Peace in the State, and report to the General Assembly.

3. Resolution furnishing the two Houses with furniture. Appropriates $1000 to each House.

4. Resolution calling on the General Government for an appropriation to deepen the channel at the mouth of the Cape Fear river.

5. A resolution for furnishing the two Houses with carpets, settees, &c. [Appropriates $1,000 for each House.]

6. Resolution requesting our Representatives and Senators in Congress to use their exertions to have a Marine Hospital erected at Smithville or Wilmington.

7. A resolution upon the resignation of Chief Justice Ruffin.

8. Resolution concerning report of Professor Emmons.

9. Resolution concerning the North Carolina Railroad. [Authorizes the payment of the first instalment of $100,000 due from the State to the stock of said company, and that amount to be replaced by the first sales of the bonds of the State.]

10 Resolution to furnish the Library of Congress with certain volumes of the acts of the General Assembly of this State.

11. Resolution for purchasing Outline Maps. [Provides for furnishing each member of the General Assembly with a Map at the price of 50 cents.]

12. Resolution to provide for Governor's residence.

13. Resolution in favor of abolishing the duty on Railroad Iron.

14. Resolution authorizing the Governor to furnish Union county with the standard of weights and measures.

15. Resolution to furnish a set of standard weights and measures to the county of Alexander.

16. Resolution concerning a road through Pungo Swamp.

17. Resolutions in relation to Marine Hospital near Smithville.

18. Resolution in favor of the Doorkeepers. [Allows them extra compensation of $25.]

19. Resolution concerning the Public Treasury. [Authorizes the Treasurer to borrow $200,000.]

20. Resolution to provide for the appointment of assistant engrossing clerks.

21. Resolution in favor of Samuel Macon, for storing public arms.

22. A resolution in favor of Rufus H. Page. Pays Rufus H. Page $50 for making a tabular statement.

23. A resolution in favor of Rufus H. Page Pays ten dollars for preparing a map of Cherokee lands.

24. Resolution in favor of Charles Latham, Sheriff of Washington county.

25. Resolution to provide for the distribution of the Report of Professor Emmons.

26. Resolution as to the bar at the mouth of Cape Fear.

27. Resolution in favor of Wm. R. Lovell.

28. Resolution in favor of George Little.

29. A resolution in favor of James R. Dodge.

30. A resolution in favor of Seaton Gales.

32. Resolution in favor of Thomas Latham.

33. A resolution in favor of Perrin Busbee.

REMARKS OF MR. WASHINGTON,

OF CRAVEN,

Delivered in the Senate of North Carolina, on the bill in relation to the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

The bill in relation to the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad being under consideration,

Mr. Withers moved to amend that section of the said bill which provides that individual stockholders should have four Directors and the State but three, so as to give the State an equal number of Directors.

Mr. Cannady said he hoped the amendment would not prevail. Individuals had subscribed under the impression that the private stockholders were to have the control of the Road, and it was right they should have it.

Mr. Person said he would inquire of the Senator from Granville if private individuals did not subscribe for stock upon that express understanding?

Mr. Cannady said he thought they had.

Mr. Washington said he should like to know if he was right in understanding the Senator from Granville to say that there was an express stipulation that private stockholders were to have four and the State only three Directors? If so it was exceedingly strange when the State owns half of the stock.

Mr. Cannady said he would not pretend to say there was any express agreement or stipulation to that effect, but he thought it was so tacitly understood.

Mr. Joyner said he thought it had not only been so understood, but that a distinguished gentleman in the other end of the Capitol, (Gen. Saunders,) had so expressly declared to the public when soliciting subscriptions. Besides he, Mr. J., would state that it was so provided in the bill of the last session, but those sections had been left out of the printed bill, and he thought the Senator from Craven, who was here at the time, must and did know these facts.

Mr. Washington said that so far as the fact of several sections of the bill of the last session being left out was concerned, he had heard that asserted very often both here and elsewhere, and yet no friend of the present bill had pretended to introduce any evidence whatever before the Senate of that fact. Why had they not shown the bill, as *passed*, in contrast with that *printed?* It could, he presumed, be easily done. It was perfectly certain that the law, as printed and published, is sufficient, or it is not sufficient. If it is sufficient, why apply for any further legislation? If it is not sufficient, and further legislation is necessary, the General Assembly had a right to put the bill in a shape to suit them. Then as to the inducements which it was said had been held out by the distinguished gentleman alluded to, (Gen. Saunders,) he, Mr. W., was satisfied that gentleman would have made no promise or suggestion which he was not authorized to make, and there was no sort of evidence before the Senate that he had held out any such inducements or promises; on the contrary, while he, Mr. W., had held no conversation with that gentleman on the subject, he would undertake to say, from what he deemed credible authority, that the gentleman alluded to had no objection to the State being represented in the Board as proposed in the amendment of the Senator from Caswell.

The Senator from Halifax had, however, alluded to the personal knowledge of the Senator from Craven, on the subject of the passage of the bill to re-organize the Raleigh and Gaston Road. He, Mr. W., was glad he had done so, for it afforded him an opportunity of stating what he was anxious should be known. He remembered very well that the Raleigh and Gaston Road would not have been re-organized upon its present basis if it had not been for his, Mr. W.'s, vote; and he remembered another thing equally well, and it was that even with his vote the whole matter would have failed, if it had not been for the fact that his friend from Carteret refused to vote in order that the measure might be adopted. And he, Mr. W., remembered further, that while the Senator from Halifax and the Senator from Warren—then, as now, the Speaker of the Senate—were exceedingly anxious for the passage of the bill in almost any shape, and while the Speaker rejoiced at that time to have it in his power, by the vote of the Senator from Craven, and the refusal on the part of the Senator from Carteret to vote at all, to secure the passage by his casting vote; yet, when at the present session, his, Mr. W.'s friend from Carteret, Dr. Arendell and himself, had asked for a transfer of the State's portion of the stock in said Company to build up a kindred work in their section of the State, not only had the Senator from Halifax come forward and used all the influence which he could exert to defeat that measure, but, when a motion was made to reconsider the vote by which that measure (very dear to his friend from Carteret, Dr. Arendell and himself,) had been lost, the presiding officer of the Senate had seen fit to interpose, and when that motion was likely to prevail, exercised his high prerogative of voting to make a tie vote, in order to defeat it. Such conduct *might* be all right and proper, but if it was, he, Mr. W., could not, for the life of him, understand upon what principle it could be so. He felt it to be an act of tyrrany, not only oppressive but intolerable.

Mr. Joyner said the Senator from Craven had been so worried and provoked since the defeat of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad bill, that he could see nothing but what he conceived to be his wrongs in that matter. That Senator had forgotten, it seems, the true history of the Raleigh and Gaston bill. It was not on the passage of the bill, but on concurring in an amendment of the House of Commons, that the facts stated by that Senator had occurred. It was true that the Senator from Craven and the Senator from Carteret had been mainly instrumental in procuring the adoption of the amendments by the Senate, an amendment which he, Mr. J. had opposed; but without which the bill would have failed. By the way, while up, though not strictly in order, he would take occasion to reply to some remarks made by that Senator a few days ago in relation to his, Mr. J.'s vote to transfer stock from the Wilmington and Raleigh Road to the New-Berne and Goldsboro' Road; he found, upon investigation, that while the Senator from Craven was correct as far as he went he had not told the whole story. The history of the transaction was this: the Senator from Craven had introduced a bill to incorporate that company, asking an appropriation in money, and found he could not get the money, and went before the committee on Internal Improvements, to whom the bill had been referred, and urged them to recommend a transfer of stock instead of money. He, Mr. Joyner, at the suggestion of that Senator, had reported the bill back to the Senate with such an amendment, and had voted for it on its second reading; but if the Senator had gone on he would have found that he, Mr. Joyner, voted against that bill on its third reading, and that it was lost by a large majority—and if he had voted for it, on the second reading, which the Journal showed he had done, it had been on the earnest solicitation of the Senator from Craven; such as he thought Senators around him would bear him witness none could make but that Senator. He, Mr. Joyner, voted for that bill on the second reading; but when he found it likely to pass, he had voted against it on the third reading.

Mr. Washington said the Senator from Halifax had set out in his last speech, by saying that the Senator from Craven, since the defeat of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad bill, had been able to see nothing else but his wrongs in that matter. The Senator from Halifax would find out before he, Mr. W., took his seat, that he had not only seen but particularly noticed some motions which had transpired on the floor of the Senate; for instance, he had not only seen with surprise, but especially noticed the fact that while the Senator from Halifax had only a few days ago declared that he could not possibly vote for the bill to incorporate the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad company, because it would increase the public debt, and make a deficit in the Treasury, and because he thought the policy of transferring stock from one company to another was all wrong, yet no longer than yesterday he not only warmly supported a bill for the extension of the Central Railroad west, which proposed to increase the public debt just two millions of dollars; but actually proposed to provide for the payment of the amount of the State's subscription to said work by a transfer of stock from the Central Railroad into this new company. Now the stock proposed to be transferred under the Senator's amendment was either worth something or nothing. If it was worth nothing, then the Senator from Halifax was a faithless friend, and was willing to give a stone when they asked bread, or a serpent when they asked fish. And if the stock was good property, he was certainly himself violating a rule which he laid down as inviolable when he was opposing the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad bill—that good stock should never be transferred to a new company.

But the Senator from Halifax had complained that Mr. W. had not stated all the facts connected with that Senator's vote for the transfer of stock to the Newberne and Goldsborough Road at the last session. He, Mr. W., had not undertaken at the time his remarks were made, a few days ago, to state all the facts connected with the transaction. The Senate would remember that in reply to the vehement speech of the Senator from Halifax against the propriety of transferring stock, he, Mr. W., had stated that the practice of that Senator, at least in one instance, was in direct opposition to his theory; for that Senator had voted at the very last session, to transfer stock from a company in successful operation to a new company. The Senator from Halifax had immediately interfered and said he remembered very well having voted to transfer stock from the Wilmington and Raleigh Road to the Manchester Road, and undertook to justify that vote. And remarked that if there was any other case, he should like to be informed of it. Whereupon he, Mr. W., had stated that he was well aware of the vote in favor of the Manchester Road, but as the yeas and nays were not called in that case he had not intended charging it; that the vote to which he alluded was in favor of the Newberne and Goldsborough Road when the Senator from Halifax did vote for the transfer of stock, as can be shown from the Journal. He admits he did so vote, which is all I stated. He says it was at my solicitation, but does that alter the fact? But he says that he voted against that bill on its third reading. I did not state, know or care how that was. I dare say he did (as he says) when he found the bill was likely to pass. For that Senator had previously obtained all he wanted and seems to pratice upon the principle that

> "Of all my father's house, I love myself the best,
> If I can have *my wish*, the devil take the rest."

Mr. Washington said that, so far as the personalities in which the Senator from Halifax had seen fit to indulge on the subject of candor and fair dealing were concerned, the disparity in their years forbade his replying to them in the language which perhaps they merited. He, Mr. W., would scorn to engage in a personal contest with any man several years older than his, Mr. W.'s, old father.

Amendment lost, yeas 22, nays 22. The Speaker voted in the negative.

The Senate took a recess till 7½ o'clock.

When the Senate re-assembled, Mr. Joyner rose and said, he had not heard distinctly the closing sentences of the remarks of the Senator from Craven, and should like to know what that Senator did say in conclusion.

Mr. Washington rose and repeated what he had said in relation to personalities. Whereupon Mr. Joyner said he could assure that Senator and the Senate that while he had spoken warmly, as he always did, he had not intended to say a word disrespectful to the Senator from Craven, much less to impute to him either directly or indirectly any thing in the slightest degree dishonorable or improper.

Mr. Washington said he was himself satisfied of that fact before the Senator from Halifax had explained; and he had not the slighest doubt that the explanation of the Senator from Hulifax had likewise satisfied the Senate of that fact.

THE CLOSING SCENES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. We call the attention of the public to the article in this paper copied from the Raleigh Standard in relation to a most scandalous scene which took place in the House of Commons on the 22d ult., the day fixed on by a joint resolution for the adjournment of the General Assembly. That scene was a blemish upon the fair fame of North Carolina—a State hitherto justly distinguished for her orderly and conservative character—and disgraceful to the guilty actors. It exhibited an amount of political atrocity in a large portion of the whig representation in the House of Commons which we could not have believed possible had we not most incontestible proof of it. Had it not been for the firm conduct of Samuel F. Philips, Esq., one of the whig members of the House from Orange county, and a few other whigs who refused to bow to the dictates of their party when the honor and welfare of the State was in jeopardy, we might now be plunged into the vortex of civil revolution. A large portion of the whig representation in the House of Commons, led on by Mr. Cherry, avowed their determination to defeat the bill for dividing the State into Senatorial Districts, which had been reported by a *joint select Committee composed of one whig and one democrat*, even if an adjournment without any provision whatever on the subject were necessary to accomplish the object. Such an adjournment would have left us without any adequate authority in the State for the perpetuation of the State Senate, and the government would therefore have been dissolved. This we suppose is conservative whiggery! If it is not rank moral treason we know not by what name to call it. *Fay. Carolinian.*

GRAVE OF BEN BOLT.

BY SIDNEY DYER.

By the side of Sweet Alice they have laid Ben Bolt,
Where often he longed to repose,
For there he would kneel with the early spring flowers,
And plant o'er his darling the rose.
His heart was as true as the star to his gaze,
When tossed on the billows alone,
But now it is cold and forever at rest,
For he calmly lies under the stone.

How often his eyes were seen brimming with tears,
To mingle with others in grief:
But joy would re-kindle the light of his smile,
When pouring the balm of relief:
At last he has gone to the bright-spirit land,
And, free from all sorrow and pain,
He tastes the full raptures of angels above,
For he meets with sweet Alice again!

We'll gather the flowers from the green shady nook,
And moss from the silent old mill,
To strew o'er the graves where obscurely repose
The hearts that death only could chill;
And oft, when the soul has grown weary and sad,
We'll come by the twilight alone,
To muse o'er the spot where together Ben Bolt
And Sweet Alice lie under the stone.

A Western editor requests those of his subscribers who owe him more than six years subscription, to send him a lock of their hair so that he may know that they are still living.

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 5, 1853.

THE REVOLUTIONARY PARTY.

The Whig leaders of this State, it is well known, have long claimed for themselves *conservatism* and a respect for Constitutional government in a pre-eminent degree; and indeed, they have urged this claim with so much pertinacity, both from the press and the stump, that many superficial observers and thinkers began to regard it as solid and well-founded. "The *conservative* Whig party"—the "Constitution-loving and Constitution-abiding Whig party"—these have been, for years, the stereotyped expressions emanating from these leaders and their minions, and by which so many honest and well-intentioned citizens have been deceived. But the charm has been broken, and the leaders of this party in the late Assembly now stand forth in their true light before the public. We have already given a history of the revolutionary scenes which were gotten up in the House of Commons by Messrs. Cherry, Fagg, Dargan and others, and which, if they had been fully played out, would have left this people, for a time at least, without a government; but as the facts may have escaped the attention of some, we will briefly state them again. The Constitution of this State requires that the Senatorial Districts shall be laid off, and the Commons apportioned at the *first* session of the General Assembly after the year 1851. The last session was, therefore, the session at which this work was to be done. Bills laying off the Senatorial Districts were reported to the Commons, but the House could not agree upon any of them; and at length, on Wednesday, the 22d, a Committee of two was appointed—Mr. Avery, a Democrat, and Mr. Philips, a Whig—to whom the whole matter was referred. This was done at the suggestion and with the concurrence of many of these Whig leaders, one of them, at least, Mr. Puryear, of Yadkin, declaring in his place that he would sustain the report, whatever it might be. The report of this Committee divided the State as nearly as possible between the two parties, leaving some six Districts in doubt; but no sooner was it made than it was assailed, and a determination evinced to break up the government rather than permit it to pass the Commons. The two Houses, be it remembered, had resolved to adjourn without day on Wednesday, the 22d; and these Whig leaders knew that, if they could consume the time up to midnight by speaking and the like, that a free Convention would be the result. They knew that the Legislature, when re-assembled by the Governor, would find itself powerless at its *second* session to lay off the Senatorial Districts; and so that body would have authorized a Convention, and then adjourned. But the Speaker, though a party to the movement up to a certain time, took the matter into his own hands both on Wednesday and Thursday, and prevented the consummation of the schemes of the revolutionary leaders.

If this revolution, thus planned and set on foot by Whig leaders, had been consummated, its results would have been most disastrous not only to the character but to the credit of the State. Her bonds, just now being put into market for the completion of a great work of internal improvement, must have felt the blighting effects of such a movement; indeed it is doubted whether these bonds could have been sold at all—for they cannot be sold below par—if this movement had been carried out. As it is, however, the good old State is still safe. Her course is still onward; and the disgrace which would have fallen upon her, in case these desperate party leaders had been successful, will cleave to them and weigh them down, now and hereafter, in the judgment of all sober and conservative citizens.

The "*conservative* Whig party"! Why, what was it, last summer, but an aggregation of white and black basis elements—of Free Suffrage and anti Free Suffrage notions—of Convention and anti-Convention opinions, all united upon the doctrine—the *revolutionary* doctrine—that a bare majority of the people can change the State Constitution? We warn the people against the leaders of this party, or at least those of them who have taken part in these revolutionary movements, or who endorse them; and we tell the people, in all sincerity, that these men are not to be trusted. But why *tell* them so? Do they not know it already? Cannot they—the reading and intelligent masses—judge the tree by its fruits? Do they not see, as we do, that the only hope of the country is in the Democratic party?

And yet, after all this violent and disorganizing conduct on the part of Whig leaders on account of the offices, and on account of *party*, we shall still hear from them, at set times, the old cry of *no-partyism*. Yes, every four years—or whensoever they think they can thereby delude the people and thus slip into office—we shall hear them declaiming against *party*, while *they*—these very Whig leaders—are the veriest slaves which party ever had! If the people desire repose from party strifes and a stable government, let them banish these men from their service. No man or set of men can deserve the public confidence, or be safely entrusted with power, who, for *party* objects or from *party* views, would upset the government and involve all interests in confusion and disorder.

☞ The Equestrian Statue of Gen. Jackson, by Mr. Mills, has at length been completed, and the ceremonies are to take place on the 8th instant. Senator Douglas is to deliver the address on the occasion.

☞ The communication signed "One of the Proscribed," in reply to our article on the subject of the Senatorship, has been received and shall appear in our Saturday's paper.

SUPREME COURT.

The following gentlemen have been admitted to practice in the several County Courts within this State:

W. M. L. McKay, Fayetteville, N. C.
Louis Taylor, Oxford, N. C.
Jno. G. Blue, Richmond, N. C.
D. G. Fowle, Washington, N. C.
K. P. Battle, Chapel Hill.
R. Raiford, Fayetteville.
J. H. Everitt, Everittsville, Wayne county.
John Thomas Wheat, Chapel Hill.
Francis E. Shober, Salem, Forsythe county.
T. N. Crumpler, Rockford, Surry county.
Simon W. Bright, Lenoir county.
Thomas Settle, Jr., Rockingham county.
Samuel T. Nicholson, Halifax county.
John A. Dickson, Burke county.
J. J. B. Hilliard, Halifax county.
E. G. Haywood. Raleigh.
J. K. Marriott, Wake county.
J. L. Gorrell, Guilford.
W. P. Solomon, Franklin.
John Manning, Jr., Chatham.
Thomas M. Garrett, Bertie.
Willis H. Jenkins, Granville.

And the following gentlemen have been admitted to practice in the Superior Courts:

A. S. Merriman, of Buncombe.
James C. Davis, Robeson.
William H. Johnston, Edgecombe.
John C. Badham, Chowan.
Edward C. Jordan, Person.
William H. Bailey, Orange.
Robt. T. Armfield, Guilford.
Levi M. Scott, Guilford.
William T. Marsh, Pitt.
Joseph Baker, Jr., Cumberland.
William S. Devane, New Hanover.
David M. Carter, Beaufort.
Willis L. Miller, Wake.
George V. Strong, Wayne.
Robert W. Mison, Alamance.
William S. Mason, Wake.
William J. Houston, Duplin.
Alfred M. Erwin, McDowell.

WILLIAM EATON, JR., ESQ.

The defeat of this excellent man and able officer for Attorney General, at the late session of the Assembly, has excited much regret. This defeat was the result of the disorganized condition of the Democratic party as represented in the Assembly; and it is due to Mr. Eaton, who acquitted himself so acceptably in the office, that the facts should be known.

On the first vote Mr. Ransom received 80 votes, Mr. Eaton 70, and Mr. Rogers 2. Mr. Eaton's name was then withdrawn from the nomination, he being unwilling to continue a contest for the office, and his friends being fearful that, from the cause above referred to, Mr. Ransom would, on the next vote, be elected over him. He received all the Democratic votes—save those of the absentees, or those who had paired off with Whigs—with the exception of Messrs. Love, Cotten, and Christmas, who, it is notorious, did not co operate with the party in the elections; and he received, in addition, the vote of Mr. Smith, Whig, of Halifax.

It is, therefore, not true that Mr. Eaton was either deserted by his party or defeated by a considerable majority. His party desired to re-elect him; but being unable, under the circumstances referred to, to do so, he withdrew his name from the contest and Mr. Ransom was elected.

☞ The romantic and enthusiastic young gentleman who "pow-wows" and "howls" through that venerable specimen of antiquity, the Raleigh Register, opens an article in his issue of Saturday last as follows: "Before the Legislature adjourned and whilst the members of that body were *here*, the Standard was pretty well-behaved, *for it*; but no sooner are their backs turned, than its bravery returns, and, finding no one to fight, it opens the floodgates of abuse and howls most dreadfully." The Editor applies this language to an article of ours containing a statement of the closing scenes of the session, and goes on to add that the article referred to exceeded any thing he had seen for many a day "for impudence, malignity, and disregard of truth." Now, what we have to say in reply is, that the statement of facts given by us cannot be successfully impeached; and we are willing for the public to read our article on the subject and that of the Register of Saturday last, and then judge between us.

The account given by that paper of the "last days of the session" is untrue from first to last. The Editor felt that the conduct of the revolutionary leaders could not be defended upon the facts, and so he went to work—knowing that *something* had to be done—to screen these leaders by fiction, misrepresentation, and a perversion of the facts as they occurred.

We shall expose the Editor fully hereafter. We shall dissect his Editorials both on this subject and in relation to that model conservative, Mr. Cherry—Mr. Cherry, who leads the revolutionary forces of his party with "deliberation" and "coolness," and who "thrills" most when most "calm and collected"! We shall also give our readers some specimens of Register Editorials.

☞ The Hon. Edward Stanly, of this State, it is said, has determined to remove to California. He will stir things up out there; but, fortunately, he will be in the minority, so that, politically, he will not be able to do any harm. He will, however, get a good practice, fill his "pockets" with a comfortable supply of yellow "rocks," and then, perchance, return to old North Carolina.

LOUISIANA. An election was held in this State on the 28th ult. for State officers under the new Constitution. The Democratic candidate for Governor carried the City of New Orleans by twelve hundred majority. The Whigs concede the entire success of the Democracy.

HOW PIERCE WAS ELECTED. The Syracuse Star says that his election was brought about by a concatenation of fortuitous circumstances, superinduced by a succession of unparalleled coincidences. Exactly—just as we supposed.

☞ Gen. Pierce's official majority in Illinois is 15,663. Hale received 9,666 votes. The vote for Pierce was 80,687—Scott, 64,934.

A "COMMOTION."

The following is an extract from the Speech of the Hon. Mr. Olds, of Ohio, delievered at the Democratic celebration in Washington a few weeks since:

"Sir, if Franklin Pierce comes to the work assigned him by the Democracy of the country, as I have no doubt he will, there will be as big a muss kicked up in Washington city on the 4th of March as there was at Mrs. Smith's house, (as related by my friend, the "Buckeye abroad")—when little Jake Smith ran over to Mrs. Brown's to tell her that "dad was dead: mam was drunk; the old cow had a calf: John had swallowed a pin; Jim had got the delirium tremendouses looking at the rora borcax;—[laughter]—and that aint all neither," says Jake. "What else 'pon airth can be the matter?" inquired Mrs. Brown. "Why, Sal broke the butter plate; Susan has spilt the pan cakes; Jo has sot down in the scalding tallow we had for dippin candles; one of the Maltese kittens has got its head into the molasses jug, and we can't get it out—*and we are all so darned infernal hungry!*"—[Shouts and cheering.] Mr. President, in my imagination, the 4th of March is passing before me, and I think I see the Whig Galphin office-holders pouring out of the various government departments; with the tears running down their piteous noses, and their lamentation is, "That Webster is dead; Fillmore has fillibustered; Scott has got a native American calf; North Carolina has swallowed Graham; and Tom Corwin has got the delirium triangles looking for northern abolition votes." [Loud and prolonged cheering.] And that aint all, either, Mr. President—for Toombs has broken their butter plate; Gentry has spilt their pan cakes; and Seward has set down in the scalding tallow they had for dipping 'higher law' candles; and Frank Pierce has got into the presidential chair, and we can't get him out; *and we are all so darned infernal hungry.*" [Roars of laughter and prolonged shouting.]

WORTH REMEMBERING. Reese's Medical Gazette says: "In case of any burn or scald however extensive, all the acute suffering of the patient may be at once and permanently relieved, and that in a moment, by sprinkling over the surface a thick layer of wheat flour."

☞ The Legislature of Arkansas has passed a homestead law. It exempts from execution 160 acres of land, or a town lot with building and appurtenances. It extends to heads of families, males or females.

☞ The Legislature of Maryland assembled at Annapolis on Monday last.

☞ The Bank of Fayetteville has declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent.

NORTH CAROLINA SENATOR.

The failure of the Legislature to elect a Senator is not so important a matter as some suppose. The Constitution of North Carolina makes provision for the contingency in the 20th Section, as follows:

"SEC. 20. That in every case where any officer, the right of whose appointment is, by this Constitution, vested in the General Assembly, shall, during their recess, die, or his office by other means become vacant, the Governor shall have power, with the advice of the Council of State, to fill up such vacancy, by granting a temporary commission, which shall expire at the end of the next session of the General Assembly."

The vacancy will not occur till after the 4th of March, and the appointing power is as clearly with the Governor and Council, as any duty connected with their offices. Even if the vacancy existed during the session of the Legislature, and that body failed to elect, the Governor and Council might still appoint, as the failure of the Legislature would be classed among those "other means" by which the office of Senator became vacant.

It is true that the right of electing Senator is not, in so many words, given by the Constitution to the General Assembly, yet the 37th section gives the power of electing Delegates to the Continental Congress to that body, subject to future legislation—and it is no forced construction, we think, to give the power of an office created by the Federal Constitution, who is a Delegate from the State. If there is any objection to the Constitution it must arise on a play of words, and not on the generally accepted meaning of law.

We dare say the Governor and Council will make quite as good an appointment as the Legislature would have done—and the Senator will hold his office for two years, unless the Legislature should meet before the regular time in special session, which is not probable. *Wilmington Commercial.*

THE PRESIDENT ELECT—HIS APPEARANCE. A correspondent at Concord, N. H., in a letter to the Herald, gives a rather graphic description of the personal appearance of Gen. Pierce, as follows:

"I have had the pleasure of several little interviews with Gen. Pierce. He is a man of mark, a man of education, a man of accomplishments in the ways of the world; a shrewed politician, and of broad and comprehensive views as a statesman. His face is expressive, and genial, and intelligent. He is affable and pleasing in his manners, modest and unpresuming, yet cool and self-possessed in a remarkable degree. He evidently feels that he has not yet been tried to the measure of his capacities; and, what is better, he has the power involutarily of convincing you of the fact. He has an agreeable voice, speaks readily, freely, fluently, and correctly; but he keeps his own counsels in all matters requiring the exercise of a saving discretion.

In person he is about five feet nine inches high, straight, and slenderly built. He has not that breadth of shoulders, nor that depth of chest, indicating the most vigorous constitution. His complexion, too, is pale, and his face thin, excepting the extraordinary expansion of his lower jaw; but he is one of that wiry, active class of men, all muscle and nerve, and capable of all sorts of hardships and endurance."

STATISTICS OF THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. The New York Journal of Commerce says the Whig vote at the recent election is greater than at any previous one; though the gain over 1848 is only 11,699; 75,282 over 1844. and 98,592 over 1840. The Democratic vote is 355,246 greater than in 1848; 246,598 greater than in 1844, and 458,478 greater than in 1840. The abolition vote is 136,880 less than in 1848, and 93,956 less than in 1844.

Vermont is the banner State on the Whig side, as is New York on the Democratic; the latter having given Pierce a plurality of 27,298, and a majority over both whig and abolition of 4,836. But in proportion to the whole number of votes polled, Texas is the banner State on the democratic side, having given nearly three times as many to Pierce as to Scott. Georgia comes next, having given Pierce more than twice as many as Scott; then Arkansas and Florida. The least plurality in any State is 25, Delaware, for Pierce. The States polling the highest aggregate vote, are New York, 522,480; Penn: sylvania, 386,272; Ohio, 353,368. The States polling fewest votes is Florida—7,161, Delaware comes next—12,665.

The largest abolition vote given by any State is 21,782 in Ohio. Next comes Massachusetts with 28,023, and New York with 25,431. In proportion to the whole number of votes, Vermont is the greatest hot-bed of abolition.

A letter from Trieste says—"Among the remarkable sights in our town must be reckoned the appearance of the celebrated composer, Rosini, who has purchased property here with a fortune of a couple of millions of frances. Rossini is a great amateur of fishing and may be seen every day as he puts out to sea in his gondola to entrap the brisk inhabitants of the deep; but it is far more comical to see the corpulent old maestro, girt with a white apron sitting as fishesman in the market, where he himself turns his booty into money, for he is no less a merchant than a musical genius."

PUBLIC LIBRARIES. Norton's Literary Register informs us that the largest library in the United States is that of Harvard University, numbering in all about 92,000 volumes. Next to it ranks the Philadelphia Library founded by Benjamin Franklin, and numbering 60,000 volumes.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS—2ND SESSION.

TUESDAY, December 28, 1852.

SENATE.

After petitions, Mr. Dodge of Iowa, introduced a bill for the relief of the working men on the wings of the capitol.

Mr. Cass submitted the following resolution, which was laid over:

Resolved, That the President be requested to communicate to the Senate, as far as may be compatible with the public interest, any information in the Department of State respecting the establishment of a new British colony, in Central America, together with the copy of a proclamation, if received at the said Department, issued by the British authorities at the Balize, July 17, 1852, announcing that "her most gracious Majesty our Queen, has been pleased to constitute and make the Islands of Roatan, Bonacco, Utilla, Barbarat, Helena and Morat, to be a colony, to be known and designated as the colony of the Bay of Islands," and signed

By command of Her Majesty's Superintend't.

AUGUSTUS FRED. GORE, Col. Sec'y.

And also; what measures, if any, have been taken by the Executive to prevent the violation of that article of the treaty of Washington of July 4, 1850, between the United States and Great Britain, which provides that neither party, shall "occupy, or fortify, or colonize, or assume dominion over Nicaragua, Costa Rica, the Mosquito Coast, or any part of Central America."

A bill was taken up granting a pension to Avery Douner, and, after debate, it was passed.

Two or three other private bills were considered and passed, the votes on which had to be repeatedly taken, owing to the want of a quorum—the highest number in attendence during the day being thirty-six.

After a short executive session, the Senate adjourned,

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion, the roll was called, when it appeared that there were 147 members present.

After some time had been spent with reference to a motion to withdraw a claim for losses by fire in New York from the committee of the whole, for the purpose of referring it to the committee on commerce, which was laid on the table, the resolution as to receiving the reports of committees came up, which was pending yesterday when the House adjourned.

Mr. McMullen of Virginia moved to lay the resolution on the table; and tellers having been appointed, 67 voted in the affirmative, and 48 in the negative—no quorum.

The yeas and nays being demanded, the Speaker decided that they could not be called when there was no quorum present, except on a motion which involved the transaction of business.

This decision having been appealed against, and a motion being made to lay the appeal on the table,

Mr. Florence of Pa., moved that the House adjourn, upon which the yeas and nays were taken, and it was carried—yeas 72, nays 66. The House, therefore, adjourned at a quarter before two o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, December 29.

SENATE.

The Chair laid before the Senate a report of the Secretary of the Interior, giving a statement of the disbursements made by John R. Bartlett on the Mexican boundary commission.

A joint resolution was received from the House authorising the employment of two clerks and one messenger in the office of the superintendent of the public printing; which was considered and passed.

Mr. Brodhead introduced a bill making further provision against counterfeiting the current coin of the United States, or passing the same.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Francis P. Fay, elected to serve out the unexpired term of the late Hon. R. R. Rantoul, of Massachusetts, appeared in the hall, and took his seat.

Mr. Stanly proposed a resolution designed to prevent the publication in the Daily Globe of speeches not delivered in the hall, which gave rise to debate in which many members participated. The resolution was finally adopted.

THURSDAY, December 30.

SENATE.

The chair laid before the Senate an invitation from the Executive Committee of the Jackson Equestrian Statue Company, to be present at the inauguration of that statue on the 8th of January next. Also, a report from the Secretary of the Interior, communicating a statement of the steps taken with regard to the selection of a site for the lunatic asylum for the District.

Mr. Cass' resolution calling for information respecting the establishment of a new colony in Central America by Great Britain, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Davis submitted a resolution, which was adopted, calling for a statement of the amount of hospital money derived by the United States from the tax of twenty cents a month on seamen's wages, and he presented petitions praying the repeal of that tax.

A bill for the relief of C. S. Matthews, Charles Wood and James Hall, of New York, was debated and then postponed.

House bill making further appropriation for the construction of roads in Minnesota, and the bill allowing exchanges of School lands in Oregon, were considered and passed.

An adjournment till Monday was ordered.

On motion of Mr. Pratt, the bill compensating the heirs of Dr. William Somerville, of Talbot county, Md., for property destroyed by the British in 1814, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, offered a resolution calling for the report of the Board of Officers appointed to examine the Blue Lick Springs—adopted.

Two other private bills were considered and passed.

After a short Executive session, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Speaker stated that there was only ninty-seven members present, who did not constitute a quorum.

A call of the House was then moved, upon which the yeas and nays were taken, which was rejected—yeas 79, nays 55.

Hon. Edward P. Little, a delegate from Massachusetts, presented his credentials, and was sworn in, having been elected to fill the vacancy, which was caused by the death of Mr. Fowler.

The motion for a call of the House was then withdrawn, there being a quorum present, and the journals of yesterday were then read.

Mr. Seymour, of New York, moved that the rules be suspended, in order to take up a resolution just sent down from the Senate, relative to the Steamboat law, which goes into operation in some parts of the country on the first of January next, to meet a difficulty that has arisen from inability in some cases to procure the necessary machinery, and the engineers having been unable to provide the required tests, which was objected to.

It was then resolved that when the House adjourns it stands adjourned to meet on Monday next.

The resolution introduced by Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, on Monday, to authorize the receiving reports of committees, upon which there should be no debate, was again taken up, and the ayes and nays were ordered upon a motion to lay the resolution on the table, which was negatived—yeas 67, nays 72.

The yeas and nays were then taken upon the passage of the resolution, which was negatived—yeas 67, nays 72.

Mr. Doty, of Wisconsin, moved to suspend the rules to enable him to introduce a resolution for an inquiry into the banking system of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Ficklin said he was prepared to report a bill on the subject, and the suspension of the rules being objected to, the subject was dropped.

The House then adjourned till Monday next.

SOUTH CAROLINA. The new arrangement of the Congressional districts is likely to produce some contest for the honor of serving the State at Washington. Messrs. Orr and Wallace are thrown into the same district, and therefore one of them must take a beating and stay at home. In Mr. Burt's old district, Messrs. T. F. Marshall, Brooks and Pickens were announced before the district was marked out; since then, Mr. C. Garlington of Newberry, has been entered, and several others have been spoken of. In Mr. Woodward's district, Joseph A. Black, Esq., Col. W. W. Boyd, and F. J. Moses, Esq., will try their strength. In Mr. Colcock's district, Messrs. Owen and Keitt are to try their relative strength. Thus far, Mr. McQueen runs without opposition, the rumor that Dr. Bradley would oppose him having proved baseless. In Charleston, there will be no contest.—Hon. William Aiken meeting with no opposition.

OUR PLANK ROADS.

At the beginning of the last year we gave an account of the progress of the several Plank Roads in course of construction from this town. We propose now to continue it up to the present time.

FAYETTEVILLE AND WESTERN ROAD. We learn that 106 miles continuously of the main stem of this Road are now under toll—that some 5 miles more are completed, but not in connection—leaving only about 7 miles unfinished between Fayetteville and Salem. Besides this, the company is about to construct a branch, (leaving the main stem 33 miles from town,) about 12 miles long, to Evans' Mill on Deep River. This branch has been surveyed, located, and a steam mill removed to the work. Active operations will be commenced on it in a few days. In addition to this, the Company propose to build another branch to this branch, leaving it about 11 miles from the main stem, and running 4½ miles to Gulf (Haughton's Bridge.) Active operations will be commenced on it in a few days. Contracts for constructing both these branches have been made at $1260 per mile.

A separate Company has been organized under a charter granted by the last Legislature, to construct a Road from Gulf to Graham, in Alamance county. Stock has been subscribed to secure the Road to Dixon's Foundry within 12 miles of Graham, with every prospect of its continuance. This may be considered as a continuation of the Western Road, although constructed under a different charter.

FAYETTEVILLE AND SOUTHERN ROAD. This work is now complete. The Road leaves town through both Gillespie and Winslow streets, unites in about 1¼ miles, and goes thence to Lumber Bridge, 15½ miles, passing through all the heavy sand, and terminating in Robeson county, where there are firm, good roads. This company has made good dividends during the past yeor. In to-day's paper there is a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. advertised.

FAYETTEVILLE AND NORTHERN ROAD. Ten miles of this Road have been constructed duriag the past yeat and are now under toll. The Company purchased the Clarendon Bridge in March last at a cost of 12,000. From the receipts of the Bridge from April 1st, and from 8 miles of the Road since Sept. 10, this Company has been able to declare 6 per cent. dividend on its capital stock, leaving a considerable surplus. The work will be prosecuted vigorously during the ensuing year.

FAYETTEVILLE AND CENTRAL ROAD. Fifteen miles of this Road have been completed, and 20 miles more put under contract, reaching to Blue's Bridge in Richmond county. The Company is making every effort to have this Road extended to Concord, in Cabarrus county. Great hopes were entertained of aid from the late Legislature, but the effort failed. If any assistance was due to any section of our State, it was to this. The Pedee country has never heretofore asked or received any thing from the State, and we think something was due it. The contract to Blue's Bridge will be vigorously pressed, and by January, 1854, that much, if no more, will be completed. It is to be hoped that Richmond, Montgomery and Stanly counties will not let the work stop at the Richmond line.

FAYETTEVILLE AND RALEIGH ROAD. This Company, organized as a joint stock Co., and without a charter, has constructed a Road from Fayetteville to Kingsbury, 11 miles, and has put the same under toll. Surveys have been run to McNeill's Ferry on Cape Fear. A charter was obtained from the last Legislature, and the Company will soon be organized under the charter, and will be prepared to carry on the work more advantageously.

KINGSBURY AND LOCKSVILLE PLANK ROAD. Under a charter granted at the late session of the General Assembly, a preliminary survey has been made for a plank Road from Kingsbury (a point on the Fayetteville & Raleigh Plank Road, 11 miles from Fayetteville,) to Locksville on Deep River, a point about 2 miles above Haywood. This road will run through a pine country, admirably adapted to the production of turpentine for a distance of twenty odd miles, and it is confidently anticipated by its friends that when completed it will pay very handsome dividends. A large portion of the trade of Chatham, Alamance, Guilford, and the counties lying north of these, will pass over this Road. Its extension to Greensborough is contemplated, and a charter has been granted for the purpose, if this project is carried out, it will greatly add to the amount of travel over the Road. A still further extension north, into the tobacco country, would afford a strong prospect to Fayetteville regaining the tobacco trade (now diverted to Petersburg, Va.,) which in former times was a very extensive and important business to Fayetteville. If the scheme of opening the Cape Fear and Deep Rivers above Fayetteville should prove successful, the Kingsbury and Locksville Road will become doubly important to this town as a means of keeping a large trade which might, without this medium of transportation, seek a market higher up the River.

The estimated length of this road is 35 miles, and the estimated cost $15,000.

Fayetteville Carolinian.

For the Standard.

ROCKINGHAM County, Dec. 16, 1852.

MR. HOLDEN: It was with unfeigned regret we heard that Free Suffrage had been defeated, and our regret was greatly enhanced when we learned by whom. For to Weldon N. Edwards must be attributed the defeat of this great measure. The question of Free Suffrage has been thoroughly discussd throughout the State; and it is evident to every one that an overwhelming majority of the people are in favor of it—nay, they have demanded it, again and again at the ballot box.

The three-fths vote of the Assembly required by the Constitution has been obtained; the expense of advertising has been incurred; it had again received the concurrence of two-thirds of the House, and we confidently expected that the inequality that now exists between the free white men of North Carolina would soon be "numbered among the things that were." But Mr. Edwards sits silently by, or rather coalesces with fifteen Federalists to defeat this darling principle of free government.

The Democracy of North Carolina have been lavish of their favors on Mr. Edwards; he has asked nothing at their hands but what they have given to him, and now the requital they get is the defeat of the most important measure ever brought before the people of this State. The position Mr. Edwards now occupies is indeed an unenviable one.

But we do not despair. Free Suffrage we *will* have, in spite of Mr. Edwards. We will commence another crop. Messrs. S. P. Hill and Berry will attend to the sowing, and we will be careful that no more Weldon Nathaniel Edwards are employed in the cultivation of it. N.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Stanly, seeming to be conscious of his past political misdeeds, and anxious to make repairs, has set himself to useful reform, and introduced one resolution and given one notice, both of which must be productive of good. His resolution is to print at public expense no speech not spoken in the House, and his resolve is to call any member to order who shall speak on subjects foreign to the question under consideration. Good for Mr. Stanly! *Petersburg Democrat.*

IRISH BUTTER. The fact has already been mentioned, of an auction sale of Irish butter, at Boston, on Thursday last. This choice Irish butter which finds a market at Cork, is said to be the best butter in the world. It cost the present season there 80s. per cwt., equal to about 20 cents a pound. This butter is packed in tubs containing 66 to 70 lbs. each. The quantity of salt mixed in the making, is about one pound of salt to ten or twelve pounds of butter; the buttermilk well worked out of the butter without using the hand too much. Care is taken to pack it as closely as possible. Space is left at the top of the cask for pickle and at the port of exportation, the pickle is added, with two pounds of salt additional to each cask, to keep the pickle at full strength.

A GOOD RULE. A man who is very rich now was very poor when he was a boy. When asked how he got his riches, he replied: "My father taught me never to play till my work was finished, and never to spend my money until I had earned it. If I had but an hour's work in a day I must do that the first thing, and in an hour. After this I was allowed to play; and then I could play with much more pleasure than if I had the thought of an unfinished task before my mind. I early formed the habit of doing every thing in time, and it soon became perfectly easy to do so. It is to this I owe my prosperity." Let every boy who reads this go and do likewise.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

HALIFAX, Dec. 30th. The steamer Franklin with Southampton and Havre dates of the 13th, and Paris dates of the 12th, put in here yesterday short of coal. She brings 24 passengers.

The steamer Washington left Southampton on the 13th for New York.

The Asia arrived at Liverpool at 10 A. M., on the 12th.

The Mail steamer from Brazil arrived at Southampton as the Franklin came out.

The opinion was gaining ground that the English ministry would be compelled to resign.

Business in the manufacturing districts was active.

Continental news unimportant.

The Franklin brings no later Liverpool markets than those brought by the Canada, having sailed on Monday morning.

Mr. Livingston, the American consul at Halifax, died here on last Sunday.

Later from California.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20—12, P. M. The steamer Prometheus has arrived with 300 passengers, brought down by the Independence, from San Francisco, Dec, 2d.

The Independence reached San Juan on the 17th. The steamer Antelope had steamed over Castillo Rapids in good order.

The Isthmus was very healthy.

The steamer Pampero left San Juan on the 20th for New Orleans.

The Brother Jonathan had not arrived at San Francisco. No steamer was ever looked for so anxiously.

The electoral college of California met at Vallejo, December 1st, and cast their vote for Pierce and King.

☞ The Blocks of marble for the Washington monument were destroyed by the Sacramento fire.

Capt. Wright and his party had had a battle with the Indians, in which 30 of the latter were killed.

The clipper ship onward, from Boston, arrived at San Francisco Dec. 1st.

Thos. J. Henley, one of the electors, was appointed messenger to Washington.

G. A. Smith, dem., was elected District Judge of the 9th district of Sacramento.

Wm. Bomsfield, Treasurer of Franklin county, has absconded with $2,000 or $3,000 of the State funds.

The miners in Trinity county were doing well. Snow was lying 5 inches deep on the Trinity mountains.

There is no report of the San Francisco market for the 1st.

At Sacramento, on the 9th, Flour slightly advanced.

Provisions firm and in good demand.

There is nothing else of interest.

Washington Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The Telegraph case was closed in the Supreme Court to-day, Mr. Gifford concluding for Moore, and Hon. S. P. Chase following with an able argument in behalf of O'Reilly.

Senator Hunter returned to Washington last evening. He keeps quiet, and did not go to the Senate to-day. He will leave for Virginia to-night.

It is said that 140 members of the Virginia Legislature have formally recommended Hon. John S. Barbour, of Virginia, for a cabinet position under Gen. Pierce.

The statement that the Hon. E. C. Cabell, of Florida, is in favor of the annexation of Cuba or the Sandwich Islands, is incorrect. He is opposed to both, and maintains, in a recent address, that the fortification of Key West and other important points of the Florida coast, would supercede the necessity of annexing Cuba for our defence.

The arrangement of the new Cabinet, as published in the New York papers and copied elsewhere, is regarded here as a hoax.

Important from Mexico—Decision of the Tehuantepec Question—Defeat and Surrender of the French in Sonoro, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 30. By an arrival at this port the Picayune has advices from the city of Mexico to the 14th inst. The only news of importance is that relating to the Tehuantepec contract, and the surrender of the Sonoro expedition.

The Executive having conceded to Congress the privilege of deciding upon the several Tehuantepec propositions recently submitted, that body proceeded to vote upon the propositions before them, and upon the vote being counted, the contract was declared to be awarded to Guanajust & Co., a company which has generally been supposed to have stood but a poor chance of success. The decision therefore created no little excitement.

From Sonoro we learn that some further engagements had taken place between the Mexican troops and Count Raoussett, the leader of the French expedition in that State, which resulted in the defeat of the latter, and the surrender of the entire expedition of the Mexican forces.

The Falcon has arrived with $300,000 in gold, including what is in the hands of passengers.

The Picayune has further accounts from Mexico. The proposition of the Guanajeeato Company was adopted by the Chamber of Deputies, by six majority.

There has been another Ministerial crisis, in which Senor Romez resigned his office as Minister of Foreign Affairs. Up to the latest dates his successor had not been appointed.

It was generally supposed that a breaking up of the Ministry would cause another change upon the part of the Government in regard to the Tehuantepec route.

Convention of Spiritualists at Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 29. A convention of Spiritualists met to-day in the Masonic Temple, about two hundred being present. On the proposition to appoint a committee to nominate officers, a Mr. Townsend suggested that the spirits, through the mediums present, should be invited to designate who should preside. If the spirits refuse, then the convention could follow the example of worldly conventions, and choose for themselves.

The suggestion of Mr. Townsend was overruled, and Jonathan Uffum, of Lynn, was chosen President, with three Vice-Presidents and two Secretaries.

The Rev. John M. Spear read a communication which he had received the night previous from a convention of spiris, recommending a platform for this convention—it impressed love, harmony, faith and patience—promising new and beautiful manifestations, which would shortly appear, and also promised the attendence of several spirits of high order, who would be present and unseal the lips of the faithful. The spiritual communication was signed John Murray.

Other communications from spiritdom were read, predicting the speedy consummation of the mission of Jesus.

Addresses were made by the Rev. John M. Spear, Rev. Mr. Loveland, of Charlestown; Mr. Hewett editor of the New Era and others.

Mr. Hewett contended that Christ and the prophets were model mediums, as their inspired writings proved.

The convention held three sessions to-day.

Decision in the Providence Liquor Case—Unconstitutionality of the Law.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Decr 30. The case of Wm. H. Green vs. the city of Providence, for the seizure of certain liquors, brought before the Court by writ of replevin, to recover said liquors, which were condemned by the Court of Magistrates, was decided by Judge Curtis, giving his opinion that the law of this State under which the property in the case was condemned is unconstitutional, because there was no sufficient complaint; and, secondly, because the plaintiff was deprived of his property by a criminal prosecution, in which he neither had nor could have a trial by jury without submitting to conditions which the Legislature had no constitutional power to impose. The court also thought the order not simply voidable but absolutely void, the magistrates having no jurisdiction over the proceeding—and they gave judgment for the plaintiff on the demurrer, with nominal damages.

Destructive Fire—Gen. Wool at Concord.

BOSTON, Dec. 30. The American Glass Works in South Boston, owned by Mr. Slave, were destroyed by fire last night. Loss $100,000; insurance only $18,000. By this calamity, 400 hands are thrown out of employment.

Gen. Wool is at Concord, on a visit to General Pierce.

The fat ox that took the first prize at the late Kentucky State Fair weighed *three thousand two hundred and fifty pounds!*

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, January 1, 1853.

NAVAL STORES.—We note sales yesterday and this morning of about 250 barrels hard Turpentine, at $1 80 per 280 lbs. There have been no receipts or sales of the soft article for the past two days, and there is none on market. We hear of no transactions in Spirits Turpentine since yesterday's report. There is little or none in market; and a good demand for the article. Sales of 12 a 1500 bbls. Common Rosin at $1 per bbl.

MOLASSES—We note the receipt yesterday of 200 hhds. and 10 tierces new crop Cuba Molasses. Held at 22 cents per gallon. *Journal.*

FAYETTEVILLE, January 1.

Bacon 12½ cents; cotton 7 to 8 cents; cotton yarns 16 cents; flour $4 to $4 50; corn 50 to 55 cents per bushel; lard 12 to 13 cents; molasses, Cuba, 23 to 25 cents; salt, per sack, $1 75; tobacco, manufactured, 8 to 30 cents; pork $6 to $7.

PETERSBURG, January 1.

TOBACCO.—We have nothing to report in this article since our last. There will be no breaks until Monday next, the 3d January. We think the prospect cheering for good prices with the new year.

COTTON.—There is some enquiry at 8¼c. for prime lots. Stock very light.

CORN.—Sales of small lots at 60c. per bushel of 56 lbs.

WHEAT.—The market is very active at $1 to $1 10 for Reds, $1 10 to $1 15 for Whites.

FLOUR.—We note a sale of some 1000 barrels Superfine at $5¼.

BACON.—Sales of Sides at 10½c. and Shoulders 9¼ to 9½c. Demand moderate.

PORK.—We note sales of 5000 to 7000 lbs. at 8c. *Democrat.*

NEW YORK, Dec. 31—6, P. M.

Cotton firm—sales of 800 bales. Flour is quiet; dealers awaiting foreign news—sales of 4,500 barrels at 5 56 a $5 62½ for State; 5 62 a $5 75 for Southern and Genesee. Wheat—sales of 5,000 bushels white at $1 29. Corn—sales of 8,000 bushels at 78 a 79½c. for mixed; white and yellow heavy. Whisky—sales of 650 bbls. at 25½c. Pork dull—sales of 300 bbls. at $19 for mess, and $16 for prime. Beef—sales of 150 bbls. mess at $13 50, and 300 bbls. beef hams 15 a $15 50. Hogs in good demand at 8 25 a $8 50; hams wanted at 10½ a 11c; shoulders at 8 a 8½c. Lard—sales of 150 bbls. at 12½c. Butter tending downward—sales of Ohio at 16 a 19 cents. Coffee—sales of 300 bags Java at 11½c. Molasses—sales of 150 bbls. Orleans at 31c. Rice—sales of 500 tierces at 4 a 4¾c. Turpentine—sales of 1,250 bbls. rough at 4 a $4 25, and 1,250 bbls. spirits at 61½ a 62c. Linseed oil steady at 58c.

The Freshets at the West.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29, P. M. The river is now stationary. It is 10 feet below the flood of 1832. It will be falling to-night. Advices from the valleys of the Big and Little Miami, Sciota and White Water Rivers and other streams have been received. Great loss of property is reported. A large amount of corn has been carried away, hogs drowned and milldams destroyed.

MARRIED,

In this county, on the 31st, by the Rev. J B. Jackson, Rev. A. D. Blackwood, formerly of Hillsboro', to Miss Nancy H. Horton, youngest daughter of Charles Horton, Esq.

In St. John's Church, in Fayetteville, on Tuesday evening last, by Rev. Joseph C. Huske, Dr. Thomas Devereux Haigh to Miss Rebecca S. McRae, daughter of Duncan G. McRae, Esq.

In Wilmington, on the 22d ult, by Rev. Mr. Munns, Capt. James Wilkinson, of Fayetteville, to Miss Emily J., second daughter of A. J. Erambert, Esq., of Wilmington.

In Columbus county, on the 14th ult., Capt. P. L. Anders, of Bladen, to Miss Sarah E. Wooten, daughter of Richard Wooten, Esq.,

In Duplin county, on the 24d ult., Mr. John Pipkin, of Wayne county, to Miss Ann McNabb, daughter of the late Rev. Robert McNabb.

In Davie county, on the 14th ult., by the Rev. Jesse Rankin, Rev. Pleasant H. Dalton to Miss Eliza M., daughter of A. G. Carter, Esq.

In Henry county, Va., on the 9th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Bethel, Mr. L. S. Williams, of Charlotte, N. C., to Miss L. A., daughter of Col. P. H. Dillard.

In Tuscaloosa, Ala., on Thursday evening, the 16th Dec., by the Rev. R. B. White, Mr. B. W. Justice, of Wake County, N. C., to Miss Ann L. Gorman, of the former place.

Also, at the same place, on the same evening, by the Rev. R. B. White, Dr. Nathaniel Venable, of Prince Edward County, Va., to Miss Tennis E. Marr, of Tuscaloosa.

DIED,

At Myrtle Hill, the residence of the Hon. Robert Strange, in the vicinity of Fayetteville, on Tuesday last, of Consumption, Mr. John Kirkland Strange, in the 25th year of his age.

Executrix' Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd. are hereby notified to make immediate payment and settlement, as longer indulgence cannot be given; and all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD is my authorized Agent to receive all dues to the estate, and make all settlements and discharges. This 1st day of Jan. 1853.

JANE F. HAYWOOD, Ex'trx of
Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd.

January 1, 1853. 14—1mw&sw.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the Counties of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham. He is to be found at the office lately occupied by Hon Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd.

January 1, 1853. 14—6mw&sw.

NOTICE.

THE late partnership of McILWAINE, BROWNLEE & Co., having expired by limitation, we will continue the

GROCERY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS,

UNDER THE FIRM AND STYLE OF

McILWAINE, SON & CO.,

and hope by constant and faithful attention to the interests of our friends, to merit a continuance of their patronage and support.

Our Stock of Groceries will be large and commanding, embracing a general assortment of goods in our line, (intoxicating Liqurs excepted.)

We shall give strict atttention to the sale of Produce on Commission, and will be prepared to make liberal advances.

A. G. McILWAINE,
ROB'T D. McILWAINE,
ROB'T A. MARTIN,
JOSEPH B. DUNN.

Petersburg, Jan. 1, 1853. 14—4w.

GEOLOGICAL, &c., SURVEY
Of the State of North Carolina.

PROF. EMMONS' interesting Report (published by direction of the Legislature,) upon the Geological character, Mineralogical Resources, &c., of the State of North Carolina,—so far as his operations have, thus far, extended,—will be issued from the REGISTER Office, in the course of a few weeks.

This work will make a volume of 150 pp., 8 vo., and will be sold at 50 cents a copy. Any person remitting 75 cents will receive a copy by mail, free of postage.

SEATON GALES.

January 1st, 1853. 14—2t.

LAW SCHOOL.
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

THE next session of this institution will commence on the 15th January, 1853.

F. NASH,
J. L. BAILEY.

January 1st, 1853. 14—1d.

Negroes Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay the highest cash prices for number one young Negroes.

R. D. ATKINSON

Smithfield, Dec. 29th, 1852. 13—tf.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Raleigh, for the month ending December 31st, 1852:

A.
Alford, J. B.
Aldrich, Andrew
Adams, Allen
Allen, Ronalds
Anderson, Creasy
Alford, Norfleet

B.
Black, A.
Buffalo, John
Breedlove, Miss Betty
Bell, Miss Penny
Beasly, Chas. R.
Burdick, H. (N. C. R. R.
Bynum, Wm. P.
Brannon, Dan'l
Boon, Louis
Bridges, Miss Maggie A.
Brackett, Edward
Birgo, John S.
Burt, P. B.
Bevers, Fendale
Body, Miss Catharine
Bryon, Henry R.
Bass, Henry
Baucom, Elizabeth
Bondy, Mrs. Elizabeth

C.
Child, Orlando
Cole, Benj. F.
Cousin, Miss Martha
Collins, John
Carpenter, Thos. E.
Cooper, John L.
Coplin, Mrs. Elizabeth
Craige, Burton
Conner, John
Cook, Mrs. Tranquelly
Clayton, Mrs. A.
Carr, E. J.
Chubb, J. M.
Cain, William
Cross, Miss Mary
Chixhister, E. V
Cotton, Quincy

D.
Day, Reuben
Dudley, Mrs. Lemmon
Davis, D. A.
Davis, George
Dunn, Col. Wm.

E.
Edwards, Wm.
Evans, David L.
Eramburt, Henry
Ellen, Miss Caroline

F.
Franklin, Green B.
Frensly, Prof. John L.
Fisher, Benton
Faucett, John Q. W.
Fowler, James
Ford, Watson
Frankling. Dilly
Farrish, Wm. E.
Fowler, Joseph L.
Flemming, Miss Martha
Farrer, Mr.

G.
Griffin, Thomas A.
Garriett, Thomas M.
Gooch, Miss Milly

H.
Hall, Weldon
Hinton, Wm. H.
Holt, Osborne
Houston, Jefferson P.
Heedee, Miss Lucinda
Henderson, Miss C. D.
Hinton, Miss Angeranah
Haswell, Presly R.
Horton, Benj. or Lacy
Hopkins, Rev. B. K.

J.
Johnson, Berry
Jones & Smith.
Jones, Jeremiah
Jones, G. A.
Johnson, Wm.
Jackson, John
Jackson, Wm.
Jones, Pro. E. A.
Jones, N. C.
Jones, Miss Pennie

Jones, Miss E. J.
Jones, Mrs. Penslope
James, Henry
Joyner, Betsy
Ivey, Josiah

K.
Killer, Chas. W.
Kennon, Rev. H. S.
King, Joseph

L.
Lusk, Walter F.
L'Engle, W. A.
Long & Burnet.
Lynn, James
Lee, John J.
Langston, Elias
Lee, Madison
Lashly, Miss Elizabeth
Lambert, Thomas

M.
Manor, James
Machen, H. W. & Co.
Moses, A. F.
Morley, Elijah
Moses, Fenner
Medums, Miss S. A.
Mitchell, L. R.
Martin, S. N.
Nowell, Miss E.

O.
Osley, Oster

P.
Pike, Miss Emme C.
Pepper, Miss Elvina A
Parish, Mordecai J.
Parker, Langdon C.
Perdew, M. S.
Pool, J. D.
Parham, Miss Eliz.
Perkins, Miss Mary Q.
Parker, Miss Hester E.
Pool, Theophilas
Pullen, Turner
Parks, C. A.
Pate, Wm. W.
Perry, Willie

R.
Ridout, Mrs. Emily
Roady, Hugh
Rodman, Wm. B.
Roney, John
Rogers, Allen
Row, James
Rogers, Miss Rebecca

S.
Swing, John J.
Steward, Emily Mrs.
Smith, Caroline Mrs.
Stedman, Joseph B.
Skinner, T

GREAT IMPROVEMENT.

DIXON P. GAINE'S PATENT CIRCULAR CONCAVE

Mill Dress.

THE Subscriber would inform the public that he has purchased the rights to sell this PATENT in the State of North Carolina, and would say to those who wish to avail themselves of this great improvement, that he is ready to put upon Mill Burrs and Corn Stones, this NEW PATENT DRESS.

For further information address the subscriber at South Lowell, Orange County, N. C., who will furnish Drafts, Specifications and all the information necessary to use this improvement. The advantage of this patent is to facilitate the grinding, and improve the flour or meal.

It is warranted to grind double as fast as the common dress, and some that have it in use certify three times as fast.

JAMES H. WHITTEN.

July 2d, 1852. 923—10t.w.pd.

I have had this Dress put upon my Corn Stones, and can assure the public that it is decidedly a Great Improvement, both in speed and the quality of the meal.

J. A. McMANNEN.

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favors. He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Cheese, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, Cotton Bagging, Rope, Twine, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.

Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.

Raleigh, Sept. 7, 1852. 86—1y.

Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops.

FOR THE CURE O. "HE TOOTHACHE.

One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confidence in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue the pain, give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N. C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.

QUINTON UTLEY.

Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

HATS AND CAPS!

THE LATEST STYLES for the FALL of 1852.

BEEBE'S and Leary's fashionable super. Moleskin. A large assortment of HATS and CAPS of almost every style that is out this season, from the finest qualities to the lowest price. Now ready at TUCKER'S.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the members of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Tuesday the 11th day of January next, for the purpose of electing a board of Directors for the ensuing year.

JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, Secretary.

Raleigh, December 6th, 1852. 7—td.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale her House and Lot, situated in the South-western part of Raleigh, near the residence of Maj. Collins. The House is new, has two stories, and the lot has upon it all necessary outhouses. There is half an acre of ground attached.

A good bargain may be had, if application is made soon. Persons who wish to purchase, will of course examine the premises.

E. A. GORMAN.

Raleigh, Oct. 18, 1852. 97—tf.

TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1853.

PUBLISHED this day, and sold wholesale and retail by HENRY D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore.

October 12, 1852. 95—

Boots and Shoes.

J. MILES & SONS' Improved Stitched Boots, Double Sole and Waterproof do', a splendid article of Double Sole Brogans for the practical Farmers of Wake and surrounding country, including the Railroad.

EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

Fancy Cloth Sack Frocks.

WE have just received this morning four dozen more of those handsome business Cloth Coats, of all colors and sizes—made up in our usual good style at HARDING'S CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

November 24th, 1852. 4—

Bank of the State of North Carolina.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, in this City, on the first Monday in January next.

C. DEWEY, *Cashier*

Raleigh, Nov. 24, 1852. 5—

Still Better.

ANOTHER box of that celebrated Oronoko Brand of chewing Tobacco. Received this day by

H. D. TURNER.

December 14, 1852. 6—

2000 LBS. cut nails and finishing brads. 1 bale ex. ct. Oznaburg.

J. BROWN.

Dec. 7, 1852. 6—

MERINO Under Shirts, Drawers, Gents ½ Hosiery Stocks and Cravats. Large lot just received at Harding's CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

November 1st, 1852. 102—

J. M. Lovejoy's Academy.

THE 23 rd Session will commence on the 3 thof January, 1853.

Raleigh, November 19th, 1852. 5—1y.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Fayetteville St., next door to the N. C. Bookstore

HAS in store and is now receiving a full assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, together with his usual supplies of Groceries, Hardware, Queens-ware, Hats and Caps, which he offers to the public, Wholesale and Retail, on liberal terms, consisting in part of the following:

Printed Cashmere and DeLaines, new and beautiful designs,
Brocade Silks, very rich,
Fancy fig'd and plain do
Plain bl'k and watered do
French Merinos of every shade,
English do do
French and Earlston Ginghams, Fancy and Black and White,
French, English and American Prints of the latest style,
4-4 to 12-4 Tarlton Wool Shawls, all qualities
8-4 to 10-4 Long do do
Black and Mode colors do
Embroidered Linen Cambric Hd'kfs,
Hem Stitch and Tape Bord'd do
Black, White and Fancy Kid Gloves for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and children,
Black Nett and Plain Silk do do
Silk and Cotton Hosiery of all kinds,
Merino, Thibbet and Wool Gloves do
Damask Table Diapers, 6-4, 8-4 and 10 4 wide,
Bird Eye, Scotch and Russia Diapers,
Huckaback, Bleached and Brown,
Damask Napkins and Doylies,
Bamsley Sheeting, 6-4 and 12-4 wide, Pillow Case Linen,
Irish Linen, Long Lawn, French Lawn,
Jackonett, Cambric, Plaid and Swiss Muslins, and Nansook do
Plain and Dotted Swiss do
White, Red, Green and Yellow Flannels, in great variety,
Blue and Brown Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings,
Kerseys, Linseys and Osnaburgs,
Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, a complete assortment.

HATS AND CAPS,

Just to hand a general assortment of Fashionable Fall style for Men, Boys and Children.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Now opning my usual large supply for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children, in great variety. Also, Men's and Boy's heavy Brogans, single and double soles, suitable for the Farmers.

COTTON BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.

A large Lot of Gunny, Dundee, and German Bagging, Hemp and Jute Rope and Twine.

GROCERIES.

A complete assortment of Brown, Crushed, Ground and Clarified Sugars,
Java, Laguria and Rio Coffee,
Sugar-House Molasses and Syrup, choice Teas,
Choice Champagne, Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines,
Cogniac Brandy and old Monongahela Whiskey,
egars of the most approved Brands.

Sept. 24, 1852. 91—1y.

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

Stock of Leather and Findings,

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery.

F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

General Agency and Commission Business.

THE Subscribers have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of WHITAKER, WHITFIELD & Co., for the purpose of doing a general agency and commission business, and in offering their services to the public in that capacity they flatter themselves that they will be able to give satisfaction to all those who may consign any goods, wares, merchandize or country produce to them, either to sell on commission or forward. As it will be our greatest aim to please, we pledge ourselves to spare no pains in giving general satisfaction. They respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally. The store is No. 3, North Water St, Dickinson's Fire-proof building, Wilmington, N. C

JOHN R. WHITAKER,
JAMES W. WHITFIELD,
A. A. B. BOUTHALL.

REFERENCES:—John Dawson, Potter & Kidder, O. G. Parsley, Samuel Beery & Sons, G. R. French, and Ellis & Mitchell.

Wilmington, Jan. 29, 1852. 26—tf.

Marine & Pocket Chronometers, Duplex and Repeating Watches.

(*By Appointment to the Admirally.*)

WILLIAM DIXON,

CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MANUFACTURER,

45 *King Square, Goswell Road, London.*

THIS certifies that the accompanying Watch No. 14713, is warranted by me to be of my Manufacture, and no Watch with my name upon it, is genuine, unless accompanied by a Certificate, bearing my signature.

I guarantee the Watch No. 14713 to keep time to the satisfaction of the purchaser.

W. DIXON.

These Watches have a high reputation in Europe and America as superior time pieces. Imported and for sale by

PALMER & RAMSAY.

Raleigh, Nov. 15th, 1852. 1—

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.

September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

D. G. BRIGGS,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL give strict attention to the sale or forwarding of all produce or Merchandise entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Wm. Boylan, Geo. W. Mordecai, } Raleigh, N. C.
Col. A. Joyner, John Campbell, } Weldon, N. C.
McIlwaine Brownly & Co., Patterson & Cooper, } Petersburg, Va.
J. C. Wilson & Co., DeRosset & Brown, } Wilmington.

August 8th, 1852. 932—

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, superior quality—an additional supply just to hand and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

LAMP OIL—Winter Strained Oil, in store and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

NOVELTY WORKS,

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AURRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.

June 2, 1852. 59-

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!

TATE & CO. have this day received another large lot of the latest styles of Fashionable READY MADE CLOTHING, manufactured by ourselves expressly for our own Wholesale and Retail trade, and warranted to give satisfaction. We name in part—extra-fine black, blue, brown and olive colored Beaver Over Sacks, fine and extra-fine Dress and Frocks of various styles, do Satin silk Velvet, Cashmere and merino Vests, fine and extra-fine black; doeskin and fancy cassimere Pants, likewise, a very large lot of medium and low priced in great abundance, all of which we will sell as low as such goods can be bought in any city in the United States, wholesale or retail. Call on TATE & Co. for bargains.

N. B. We would respectfully say to those who have left their measures for Clothing that they are all received in fine order.

TATE & CO.,

West side, Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

November 29th, 1852. 5—

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.—Elastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.

Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 20—6m.

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinnersetts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90 —

asant Grove Male Academy.

WAKE FOREST, N. C.

WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. The Academy is situated about 1 1-2 miles from Forestville.

No deduction for loss of time, except in case of protracted sickness. Board can be had at $6 50 per month, including washing, lights and fuel. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. For further particulars address

DR. W. HARTSFIELD,

Forestville, Wake County, N. C.

November 8th, 1852. 104—t15J.

☞ The Weekly Register and the Spirit of the Age will copy.

MUSIC! MUSIC!! MUSIC!!!

JUST received at the North Carolina Music Store a new and beautiful lot of Rosewood Pianos, with 6, 6½, 9½ and 7 octaves, selected by myself and which are warranted for five years. They are of superior tune, being the Iron Frame, which will last longer than those made with wooden frames and stand better in tune, which I will sell at low prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Oct. 18, 1852. 97—

TATE & CO. have this day received another supply of very fine medium and low-priced Clothing, the very latest style, which we are offering at reduced prices, wholesale or retail. Fayetteville Street, one door above the Raleigh.

Nov. 7th, 1852. 103—

2000 SMITH'S Mules No. 7, 8, 9 and 10.

J. BROWN.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unneeessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petersburg, Virginia, May 5th, 1852. 52—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals

PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 94—

NEW BOOKS.

NEW AND COMPLETE COOK-BOOK. The actical Cook-Book, containing upwards of one thousand receipts, consisting of directions for selecting, preparing, and cooking all kinds of Meats, Fish, Poultry, and Game; Soups, Broths, Vegetables, and Salads, Also, for making all kinds of Plain and Fancy Breads. Pastes, Puddings, Cakes, Creams, Ices, Jellies, Preserves, Marmalades, &c, &c., &c. Together with various Miscellaneous Receipts, and numerous Preparations for Invalids. By Mrs. BLISS. In one vol., 12mo.

The Freemason's Manual; a companion for the initiated through all the degrees of Freemasonry, from the 'Entered Apprentice' to the higher degrees of 'Knighthood.' Embracing Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Mason, Past Master, Mark Master, Most Excellent Master, Royal Arch, Select Master, High Priesthood, Knight of the Red Cross, Knights Templars, Knights of Malta, the Ancient Constitution of the Order, &c. Embellished with upwards of one hundred Engravings, illustrating the emblems and symbols of the Order. By Rev. KINSEY JOHNS STEWART, K. T. This work has the sanction and approval of the R. W. G. M. of the State of Delaware, and of the M. E. G. H. P. of the Grand H. R. A. C. of Pennsylvania.

For sale at the N. C Bookstore by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, September 27th, 1852. 91—

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec., 18, 1851. 14—tf

Tombs, Monuments, Head-Stones, &c

THE Subscriber having been North and purchased a large assortment of Italian and American MARBLE for *Monuments, Tombs*, and *Headstones*, and *Hearth, paint stones, slabs* for *Soda Founts, Baker's Slabs*, and Nova Scotia *grindstones*. solicits the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. He invites the citizens to call and see his monuments, tomb and head stones and drafts, or send their orders, which will be punctually attended to.

The subscriber has been in business in this place sixteen years, and you can refer to any of the citizens of Raleigh.

His Marble-Yard is ten minutes' walk from the State House, at the South-East Corner of the Graveyard.

The subscriber has examined the Northern prices, and has no hesitation in saying he can do work on as reasonable terms as any.

WILLIAM STRONACH.

Raleigh, Sept. 6, 1852. 85—1y.

HENRY KIEM'S

North of Yarbrough's and opposite Lawrence's Hotel

RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at the lowest cash prices, the following articles, to-wit:

3 Barrels of Mackerel,
2 do. New Lard,
4 do. Irish Potatoes,
6 do. Assorted Crackers,
2 do. Pulverized Sugar,
3 do. Clarified do.
2 do. Crushed do.
800 lbs. Goshen Butter,
800 " Cheese,
Rio, Laguira, and Java Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
5000 Black Principe Cegars, Regalia, Havana, &c. &c. &c. &c.

January 2, 1852. 18—tf.

Carpeting.

DRAWING Room and Bed Room Carpets, Stair Carpets,
Tufted and other rich Hearth Rugs,
Fancy printed Druggets for Crumb Cloths,
Rich fancy Piano and Table Covers.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Candles.

15 BOXES best patent Sper Candles,
20 do do Adamantine do
20 do Hull's Patent Tallow do
Hull's No. 1 Bar Soap,
Black Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Starch, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Indigo, for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Delightful and Useful Books.

MARCO Paul's Voyages and Travels.—In New York—on the Erie Canal—in Maine—in Vermont—in Boston—Springfield Armory, with Illustrations, By Jacob Abbott. For sale by H. D. TURNER,

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL

IN RALEIGH.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the first Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months.* Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12,00 per month.

Fees for Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25,00
French extra, 10.00

One half of the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance.

L. WADDELL.

October 10, 1852. 101—

REFERENCES.

Faculty of Washington College, Lexington, Va.,
Trustees of Staunton Academy, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. H. Ruffner, D. D., Kanawha co., Va.,
Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, Secretary of the Interior, Washington city.
Dr. F. T. Stribling, Western Lunatic Asylum, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. W. H. McGuffey, D. D., University of Va.,
Rev. R. H. Philips, Virginia Female Institute, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. B. M. Smith, Staunton, Va.,
Judge J. W. Brockenbrough, U. S. Court, Lexington, Va.,
Judge L. P. Thompson, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. Moses D. Hodge, Richmond, Va.,
Hon. S. S. Baxter, Richmond, Va.,
Rev. J. J. Smyth, Everittsville, N. C.,
Rev. B. H. Rice, D. D., Prince Edward co., Va.

The subscriber begs leave to add to his father's advertisement, inserted above, that any other information that may be desired in reference to his school, may be obtained of himself or of Mr. Cooke, at the North Carolina Institute for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.

J. A. WADDELL.

NEW BOOKS.

LIFE and Correspondence of Lord Jeffrey, by Lord Cockburn, one of the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland.

Annual of Scientific Discovery; or Year-Book of Facts in Science and art for 1852.

The Power of Christian Benevolence illustrated in the Life and Labors of Mary Lyon.

Austria in 1848--'49, containing a full account of the Revolution in Hungary, and Historical Sketches of the Austrian Government and Provinces of the Empire, by Wm. H. Stiles, Late Charge D'Affairs of the U. S. at Court of Vienna.

The Constitutions of the several States of the Union and United States, including the Declaration of Independence and articles of Confederation.

Horse-Shoe Robinson, a tale of the tory ascendency, by Jno. P. Kennedy, author of the "Swallow Barn," 1 vol. 2 vo., uniform with the Swallow Barn.

Courtesy, Manners and Habits, by George Winfred Hervey.

Hand Book of the English language, by R. G. Latham M. D., F. R. S.

Queechy, by the author of the 'Wide, Wide World.'

Pyrmburst, his Wanderings and ways of thinking, by Donald McLeod.

Romanism at Home; Kirwan's Letters to Chief Justice Taney. Brace's Hungary in 1851.

Lady Pfeiffer's voyage round the World.

Norris's Hand Book for Locomotive Engineers and Machinists. Poems by Matilda.

Ban Gauthier's Book of Ballads.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

Historical Sketches of North Carolina, FROM 1584 TO 1851.

COMPILED from Original Records, Official Documents and Traditional Sketches, &c., &c, by JOHN H WHEELER, late Treasurer of the State.

Extract from the University Magazine, (May number):

"A most liberal expenditure of time and substance has been made by a native citizen of North Carolina to supply the young men just coming on the stage of action with a portion of knowledge to them peculiar and important. He has furnished reminiscenes, refreshing to all which increase our pleasures at home and abroad."

Extract from George Bancroft, Historian of the United States:

"There are many separate pieces of information and valuable documents, which of themselves are worth the price of this work; which can be found no where else."

This work is valuable to members and others as containing the accurate returns of the population of each County, and is for sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, N. C., October 4th, 1852. 97—

Encourage Home Industry,

BY PATRONIZING THE

Machine Shop and Foundry of

STAFFORD, CLARK & DIXON,

Who Manufacture all Sizes of

Horse Power and Threshing Machines,

(BOTH PORTABLE AND STATIONARY;)

STRAW-CUTTERS OF VARIOUS PATTERNS,

WHEAT FANS,

Mill and Factory Gear, Saw and Grist Mill Irons, Bark Mills, Wool Carding Machines, Edge Tools, &c., &c.

Address Snow Camp, Alamance County, N. C.

October 25th, 1852. 101—8t.

NEW BOOKS.

HILDRETH'S History of the United States, 6th and concluding volume;

Mysteries, or Glimpses of the Supernatural, containing accounts of the Salem Witchcraft;

The Cock-Lane Ghost, Rochester Rappings; the Stratford Mysteries, &c. &c.; by Charles W. Elliott;

Pierre, or the Ambiguities; by Herman Mellville;

A Buck Eye Abroad, or Wanderings in Europe and in the Orient; by Samuel S. Cox;

Mental Alchemy—a treatise on the Mind, Nervous System, Psychology, Magnetism, Mesmerism, and Diseases; by B. Brown William s, D.

The Mother at Home; by John S. C. Abbott, very greatly improved and enlarged, with numerous engravings. For sale by H. D. TURNER.

At the N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, August 16, 1852. —79

SWAIM'S JUSTICE.

THE NORTH CAROLINA JUSTICE,

CONTAINING a summary statement of the Statutes and common Law of this State, together with the decisions of the Supreme Court, and all the most approved forms and precedents relating to the office and duty of a Justice of the Peace, and other public officers, according to modern practice, by Benjamin Swaim, second edition, revised and corrected. For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Octobar, 22 1852. 99—

A GOOD CHANCE.

EVANS & COOKE have on hand a fine lot of Dress Goods, which they will sell at cost,
Rich Brocade col'd Silks,
French Satin DeChene,
Embroidered Robes,
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All other goods at very low prices,
Received to-day Black Silks, Cheap Delanes,
English Merinos, Men's wear Clothing
and Shoe, which will be sold cheap.
Call on us at the old Stand, No 29, Cheap Side.
Raleigh, Nov. 24th, 1852.

CEDAR GROVE ACADEMY.

THE spring session of this School, situated eight miles north of Hillsborough, will commence on the 6th of January next, and continue twenty one weeks.

TERMS. Tuition in Latin, Greek, and the higher branches of Mathematics, $15,00
English, 10,00

Board, including washing, &c. can be had, convenient to the Academy, in the families of Messrs. David Taylor, Solomon Thompson, C. C. Tinnin and Thomas H. Hughes, for $32,50 per session. W. W. Allison, immediately at the Academy, will take boarders at $35,00 per session. SA L. W. HUGHES, Principal.

November 30th, 1852. 6—3w.

Candle and Lamp Wick.

A LARGE supply for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

March 30, 1852. 14—

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500 000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been ess than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, A. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and H. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Richard Smith, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, June 21, 1852. 21—

Where do you find things Cheap?

THE Subscriber having laid in a choice assortment of the following articles, begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity that he will sell all his Goods at such prices as not to be underso'd by any one in this city.

Persons desirous of making a good bargain